Israel holds 5 Arabs without trial

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli authorities ordered five Palestinians from the cupied West Bank to be detained without trial for up to six months on suspicion of anti-Israeli resistance activities, military officials said on Monday. The Palestinians, aged 19 to 27 were arrested on Sunday and accused of activities for guerrilla organisations, incitement and attacks on Israeli vehicles. Four Palestinians in in Bullita refugee camp near Nabius were juiled for six months and a fifth, from the village of Ubeidiyyah near Bethlehem, was jailed for three months. The Israeli officials named the five as Riyad Nusseimi, 25, Jamil Kitawi, 24, Nasser Abu Varda, 19, Bassam Jarmi, 26, all of Balata, and Shukri Redida, 27, of Ubeidiyyah. In another development, unideatified assailants threw three petrol bombs at israeli army vehicles in the occupied West Bank on Sunday night, but caused no damage or injuries, Israeli army radio reported. The radio said one bomb was thrown outside the Balata camp and the other two at an army, vehicle near the Jewish settlement of Ofra.



Fahd calls for Arab unity

JEDDAH (AP) — King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz expressed regret that the crisis in the Gulf region overshadows the Palestinian and Lebanese problems, stressing the importance of Arab unity to confront the aggressive plot whose dimensions are unfolding." The Saudi Press Agency quoted Information Minister Ali Al Shaer as saying the monarch gave his views at the weekly session of his council of ministers. Mr. Shaer said the king analysed the Gulf situation in light of last week's sharp escalation of attacks by Iran and Iraq in the waterway. The monarch was quoted as saying that "it is regrettable that we note that the Gulf developments are overshadowing the most important causes of the Arab Nation, led by the Palestinian case and Lebanon." King Fahd said the Nation, led by the Palestinian case and Lebanese, who have endured "bloody tragedy" since civil war broke out in 1975, were now beset by an "unbearable" deterioration of economic conditions. He also referred to Afghanistan, where guerrillas are fighting the Soviet army and the Moscow-backed Kabul government, as one of the issues that has been relegated because of the Iran-Iraq war.

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King sends good wishes to Brazil

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Monday sent a congratulatory cable to Brazilian President Jose Sarney. In his cable, King Hussein congratu-lated President Sarney and the Brazilian people on the occasion of Brazil's Independence Day, and wished the president good health and happiness, and the Brazilian people further progress and prosperity.

Spanish envoy ends term in Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — Spain's mbassador to Jordan, Emilio Menendez Del Valle, leaves Amman today at the end of a threeyear term in Amman. On this occasion, the ambassador held a reception on Monday which was attended by senior Jordanian officials and members of the diplomatic corp. Mr. Menendez Del Valle will take over as Spain's ambassador to Rome.

Klibi condemns Israeli raids

BAGHDAD (Petra) — Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi on Monday condemned the grecent Israeli raids on Palestinian refugee camps in South Lebanon describing them as a flagrant example on "Israel's organised state terror." In a statement issued here, Mr. Klibi called on the international community to lannch immediate actions and measures capable of putting an end to Israel's aggression and its continuous violation of international charters and norms. "The. international community should not remain silent over the Israeli aggressions not because they claim lives of innocent people but because Israel considers such silence as condoning by the intersive attitudes and actions," Mr. Klibi said.

Cheysson: Economic "cooperation needed for Mideast peace

ATHENS (R) — The European Community (EC) commissioner for Mediterranean policy, Claude Chevsson, said on Monday that joint economic development between all countries in the Middle East was necessary for peace in the area. Speaking at a luncheon at the European Jewish Congress here Mr. Cheysson said peace talks in the Middle East should go beyond territorial and political matters. "It is vital that peace negotiations in the Middle East do not deal only with territorial and political issues but also with a joint economic development of all peoples in the area," he said.

Vorontsoy and Larijani hold talks

MOSCOW (R) — Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Mohammad Larijani arrived in Moscow on Monday and had talks with a Soviet first deputy foreign minister, Yuly Vorontsov, the official news agency TASS said. It gave no immediate details of the meeting. Mr. Larijani came to Moscow to exchange views on Sovietlianian relations and international issues, TASS said. Soviet-Iranian diplomatic contacts have increased in the last year, and the two countries have consulted each other on developments in the Gulf war. Mr. Larijani was in Mescow in July.

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 Italian firm reportedly planned to send mines

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OPEC unaware of scale of quota function, page

 Syria prepares to host Mediterranean Games;

page 6 Hiked interest rates fail to boost dollar, page 7 • Peronists win Argentine

The Belgian cabinet will decide Friday whether it will send mineselections, page 8 weepers to the Gulf.

National conference on education adopts comprehensive reform plan

By Salameh B. Ne'matt and Rana Sabbagh Jordan Times Staff Reporters

AMMAN — Efforts geared towards reforming Jordan's national education system gained substantial ground on Monday with the adoption of comprehensive resolutions that were backed unanimously by participants in a national conference on education.

Resolutions that emerged from the two-day conference, which was inaugurated by His Majesty King Hussein on Sunday, were solidified by the adoption of an "execution mechanism" that guaranteed realisation of the resolutions through a predetermined financial, technical and chronological working plan.
The announcement of the plan

by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, who chaired the conference, crowned a two-year effort on the highest level in which the Crown Prince took the initia-

"We have agreed in principle

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Fighting in the Gulf war on Mon-

day appeared to have entered a

and Baghdad later this week of

Political sources expect it to

Iran attacked its last ship in the

Guif early on Thursday after hit-

ting seven others during the pre-

Iraq's last reported attack on a

The ground war also appeared

to be entering a quieter phase. Iraq's nightly war communique on Sunday said Iranian shelling of

Iraq's southern port city of Basra

had injured one person, following

intensive hombardments and high

casualty figures on Thursday and

Baghdad reported no shelling of the city at all on Saturday.

The slowdown in Iranian shell-

ing coincided with an apparent halt by Iraq in its attacks against

The last attacks were on Fri-

day, the day the Security Council decided to send Mr. Perez de

Cuellar to the two countries to

arrange a ceasefire.

Baghdad's Sunday night com-

Iranian oil facilities.

Dutch to

send two

Eekelen said on Monday.

He told a news conference the

two vessels would sail next week

and stay away for four and a half

He said the mine hunters, the

Hellevoetshuis and the Maasshuis,

would receive British tactical sup-

prepared to offer similar backup

to other nations as well," Mr.

Van Eekelen said. He said details

The Netherlands is the fifth

Western nation to dispatch a nav-

al force to the Gulf. Its move

follows a decision by Italy (See-

page 2) last week to join efforts by the United States, France and

Britain to protect shipping in the

port in the Gul area.

to Gulf

months.

next week.

tanker was early on Saturday

morning, its 15th in an eight-day

vious three days.

period.

U.N. Secretary General Javier

Perez de Cuellar.

prior to the visit to Tehran

Lull in Gulf warfronts

ahead of U.N. mission

stay quiet on the warfronts until zone on his mission, based on the

the secretary general completes council's July 20 resolution de-his Security Council peace mis-manding an immediate ceasefire.

on a mechanism to implement the conference's resolutions on educational reform through a well-devised working plan," Prince Hassan told a gathering of nearly 300 senior level officials, deputies

and education experts. The conference followed intensive studies conducted by education experts in various governorates and field trips to schools and meetings with students and teachers conducted by the Crown

Discussions of the national conference were based on detailed reports on the educational policy in general, school curricu-

munique made no mention of any

activity by Iraqi warplanes or helicopter gunships. A military

spokesman said there had been

no air activity during the day. The Security Council asked

both countries to cease hostilities

while the U.N. chief is in the war

self-restraint during the visit, but

Baghdad, though it welcomed Mr. Perez de Cuellar's visit, has

not announced any such commit-

ment. Political sources expect it

Baghdad has accepted the ceas-efire call, provided that Iran does

also, but Tebran has neither re-

Iraq wants the council to im-

pose sanctions on Iran for refus-

ing its order and has said it will

continue attacking Iran's oil and economic installations until it

Nearly two dozen ships had

been attacked by the two sides

since the tanker war flared anew

on Aug. 29, and Iraq stepped up air attacks on land targets in Iran.

A Gulf-based Western diplomat

said that aside from a new crisis

between Kuwait and Iran, the

situation had become "a lot quie-

ter" since the U.N. official's trip

to Baghdad and Tehran was

to do so eventually.

iected nor accepted it.

the detailed reports aimed at laying new grounds for a developed national policy through widescale reforms "will not be shelved," said Prince Hassan.

In the coming six weeks prop-osals in the reports will be divided according to short, medium and long term plans and a "thorough" implementation will start by the beginning of 1988, the Crown

Education Minister Thougan Hindawi, a staunch supporter of education reform, told the Jordan Times that not all short-range recommendations would be executed by the beginning of 1988. He said some of the measures 'could start very soon."

The Crown Prince said the Education Council, which is in charge of drawing up and implementing resolutions and poli-cies in this field, would set up a "technical arm" responsible for executing the national conference's resolutions before the end of October this year through a specialised "operation room"

lae, teaching methods and admi-nistration. Technical groups would Recommendations included in the detailed reports aimed at sponsible for the operation room

to follow up on the implementa-tion of the framework of educational reform. According the final resolutions, the operation room would eventually form a "nucleus" for a research centre to conduct studies in this regard and cooperate with all ministries and public and private organisations whose role is

A number of officials and experts told the Jordan Times they considered the conference as "a great success" and a breakthrough in the direction of developing education in the Kingdom.

parallel to the social-educational

A detailed and thorough analysis of the whole educational spectrum helped the conference in crossing the system's T's and dotting its I's, and in analysing the points of weakness and strength in Jordan's education policy, according to a senior government

(Continued on page 3)

Libya and Iraq discuss normalising relations

BAGHDAD (AP) — Libyan Foreign Minister Jadallah Azouz Al Talhi, the first ranking Libyan to visit Iraq in more than two years, discussed normalising relations Monday and efforts to end the Iran-Iraq war.
Baghdad Radio said Mr. Talhi

flew in late Sunday and was met by Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz and senior officials The radio gave no details on

Monday's talks. But Mr. Talhi's visit appeared to mark a major shift by Libya, which has been one of Iran's few allies in the seven-year-old Gulf war. Mr. Talhi flew in from Kuwait

where he had held talks with senior officials on the war and fears in the region that the conflict could spread.

Newspapers in the Gulf said Mr. Talhi would tell Iraqi leaders that Libva was ready to normalise relations with Baghdad and press Tehran to accept a negotiated settlement to the war.

Iraq severed relations with the government of Muammar Qadhafi in June 1985 in protest against Libya's alliance with Iran.

Relations between Iraq and Libya, once co-members of the Arab "Steadfastness Front" against Israel, had soured earlier with the war broke out in September 1980.

Last month, Libya and Syria

cut diplomatic ties with Tehran and isolate it. Attempts in the past to recon-

cile Tripoli and Baghdad have failed because Iraq insisted that Libya stop supporting Iran.
Iraq accused Libya of supplying Iran with missiles used to bombard the Iraqi capital and of helping Tehran acquire other

Talhi told reporters that Libya looked forward to seeing an end to the Gulf war, which he said was "jeopardising Arab security.

He added: "Libya is keen to work together with other Arab countries to end this war."

He said he would discuss "means of normalising relations between the two sisterly countries" - Iraq and Libya - while he was in Baghdad. In Kuwait, Mr. Talhi called for

"Arab collaboration to repulse dangers besetting the Arab Na-

He did not elaborate on his country's current stand regarding its alliance with Iran. But he noted that Colonel Qadhafi believes the war should be ended and "perils threatening the Arab

land...repulsed."

Col. Qadhafi has recently criticised the religious fanaticism of blocked moves by the foreign Tehran's rulers, but has stopped ministers of the Arab League to short of scrapping the alliance. Tehran's rulers, but has stopped

Jordan renews pledge of support for Kuwait against Iran threats

Sheikh Sabah delivers emiri message to King

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN — Jordan on Monday renewed its pledge of support for Kuwait in the face of Iranian threats and reaffirmed the Kingdom's backing for Kuwait's efforts to end the seven-year-old Iran-Iraq war in line with Resolution 598 of the U.N. Security

The pledge came during a meeting between His Majesty King Hussein and Kuwaiti Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah. The Kuwaiti minister delivered to the King a message from the emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the message dealt with the cur-rent Arab situation and recent developments in the Gulf region as well as Jordanian-Kuwaiti rela-



His Majesty King Hussein on Monday confers with Kuwaiti Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah (Petra photo)

The King's meeting with Sheikh Sabah was attended by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Royal Court Chief Marwan Ai Qasem, Court Minister Adnan Abu

Odeh, Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahab Al Majali and Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs and Acting Foreign

(Continued on page 3)

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein on Monday received at Al Nadwa Palace Saudi Arabia's interior minister, Prince Navef Ibn Abdul Aziz, and discussed with him the latest developments in the Gulf and the current situation in the region. Prince Nayef, who arrived here

Monday evening on an official visit, conveyed greetings from King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz to King Hussein. The Jordan News Agency, Pet-

ra, said the King and Prince. Nayef also reviewed Jordanian and Saudi endeavours to consolidate Arab unity and efforts to end the seven-year-old Iran-Iraq

The King hosted a dinner in honour of Prince Nayef Monday

night.
The meeting and dinner were attended by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Oasem, Court Minister Adnan Abu Odeh, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Interior

Minister Rajai Dajani, Public

minister, Prince Nayel Ibn Abdul Aziz (Petra photo) Security Director-General head of the Saudi Higher In-Lieutenant-General Abdul Hadi formation Council, is expected to Al Majali, the commander of the be received by His Royal High-

Saudi Arabia.

badia region police as well as the ness Crown Prince Hassan. Saudi ambassador to Jordan and Prince Nayef and Interior Ministhe Jordanian ambassador to ter Daiani are scheduled to hold talks on security-related issues During his three-day visit to and bilateral cooperation in this Jordan, Prince Nayef, who is also field.

-German hostage released

DAMASCUS (Agencies) West German hostage Alfred Schmidt was set free on Monday in a new coup for Syria after secret negotiations between Bonn, Tehran and Damascus. Mr. Schmidt, 47, was one of

two West Germans seized in west Beirut in January after the arrest of suspected hijacker Mohammad Ali Hamadei in Frankfurt. Mr. Schmidt was apparently handed over to West German

diplomats in Damascus after repeated statements from Syrian and Iranian officials that release of one of the two men was immi-"I can confirm that Mr.

Schmidt is in the custody of the West German embassy," embas-sy spokesman Freuden Hammer Hammer refused to allow Mr.

Schmidt to be photographed or

Schmidt's fellow hostage Rudolf Cordes, 53. The Syrian Foreign Ministry

did not stage welcoming cere-monies and news conferences that are usual at such releases and Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Shara'a told reporters: "I have nothing to say. Don't waste your In Bonn, the West German

government said Iran and Syria had helped broker the release of Mr. Schmidt, but officials denied the government had made concessions to arrange the deal.

West German officials said Mr.

Schmidt had not been released as part of a deal that would even-

"Iran and Syria both helped

questioned at the embassy in a leafy Damascus suburb, saying I can confirm," Foreign Ministry this might endanger Mr. spokesman Juergen Chrobog told reporters. "They both said they

would help us, and they did."
"We have good relations with
Tehran and Syria, and personal
contacts with leaders there," Chrobog added. "There is trust between us and those countries and that has helped. Officials said they did not know

why the kidnappers chose to re-lease Mr. Schmidt and not Mr. Cordes. Mr. Schmidt was to fly out of Damascus late Monday. Mr. Schmidt's release was first reported by the state radio in

Beirut. The broadcast said an anonymous caller claiming to speak for the Holy Warriors for Freedom tually win freedom for Mr. told the government-run

(Continued on page 3)

Honecker begins German visit

BONN (Agencies) — East German Communist leader Erich Honecker began an historic visit to West Germany on Monday and said that war, which led to the country's partition, must never again start from German soil.

The near-identical flags of the two countries fluttered and an army military band played thenational anthems as Chancellor Helmut Kohl received Mr. Honecker at the chancellery.

"My most important aim will be to see how both German states can actively work to fulfil their obligation and ensure that war never again emanates from German soil, but only peace," Mr. Honecker said in an arrival state-

Mr. Honecker, 75, looked uneasy at the start of his five-day visit, the crowning achievement of a long campaign to gain inter-national acceptance for East Germany, which he was governed since 1971.

Tight security ringed the black limousine taking Mr. Honecker from the Cologne-Bonn airport where he arrived on a special

aircraft of the East German Interflug airline, a Soviet Ilyushin-Cologne police said they were

looking for a Mercedes car with stolen plates which approached an airport entry gate before Mr. Honecker's arrival. It sped off when police approached, a spokesman said. Mr. Honecker will spend two

days in Bonn for talks with Dr. Kohl and government leaders before touring industrial centres and stopping at his hometown of Wiebelskirchen.

Mr. Honecker, who served 10 years in jail during the Hitler era. began his political career as a vouth in the Communist movement in the Saar, now part of West Germany.

After the welcome ceremony, Mr. Honecker met Dr. Kohl for an hour before seeing President Richard von Weizsaecker.

At the chancellery, a group of right-wing students protested at the post-war partition of Germany, holding up a banner saying Germany, united fatherland."

line of the East German anthem, banned by the Communist authorities after they dropped the idea of German reunification in the 1950s.

In his talks with Mr. Honecker. Dr. Kohl demanded an end to East German border guards' shoot-to-kill orders aimed at would-be escapees.

"The chancellor, in their direct talks, demanded that Honecker lift the shoot-to-kill orders on the boundaries between the two German nations, and that he guarantee respect for human rights in East Germany," chief government spokesman Friedhelm Ost told a news conference.

Ost said that Dr. Kohl continued by saying: "Right on the border splitting Germany, the use and the threat of force can no

longer be a political means."
Dr. Kohl added that West Germany continues to strive for the reuniting of the two German nations and for greater freedom of

travel between the two countries. Ost did not say how Mr. Hon-The words were taken from a ecker reacted to the demands.

French artillery downs Libyan bomber over Chadian capital sponding to Saturday's thrust into

mine hunters N'DJAMENA (Agencies) -French artillerymen downed a Libyan Tupolev-22 bomber with THE HAGUE (Agencies) — The Netherlands will send two a missile Monday over N'djamena, the Chadian capital more mine hunters to the Gulf to join than 1,000 kilometres from Western efforts to keep its waters open for international shipping, Libya, and another Tupolev bombed the eastern town of Abeche, Chad said. Dutch Defence Minister Wim van

The action came just two days after Chadian troops struck into Libyan territory for the first time on Saturday and captured a major air and ground base at Matan-

Às-Sarra. The Libyan news agency JANA, monitored in London, acknowledged one of its plane's had been hit during what it called two "successful air raids" into

Chad. "The Libyan air force launched successful air raids on the military airbase of Abeche and N'djamena airport following its transformation into a military base receiving continuously U.S.-Israeli reinforcements," JANA

JANA also warned all civil aviation to avoid Chadian air space and advised all embassies and foreign nationals in N'djamena to "evacuate the city immediately to preserve their

Two heavy bombers raided the N'djamena suburb of Farcha re-

southern Libya by Chad President Hissene Habre's Forces. southern Chad to protect the country from Libyan attacks, shot

three-man crew. escaped northwards, according to

they believed the same planes had earlier bombed Abeche, 700 kilometres east of the capital. Casualty figures there were not immediately known.

weekend assault on Matan As-Sarra.

The undeclared war, which flared one month ago with battles over the disputed desert border region of Aouzou, has taken on new dimensions, with both counable to penetrate so far into Chadian territory, protected by The French presence in south-

tery of Crotale and Hawk antiaircraft missiles around the capital. There are also two radar bases, situated at Monssoro to the north of N'diamena and at Monday's action followed a

to Paris that the situation in the former French colony was drama-tic and France should beware of "pouring oil on the flames." The French Defence Ministry

confirmed that its defence force in Chad downed the Soviet-made Libya's ambassador to Paris.

"All French people should realise that the situation could be dramatic" he said in a television interview broadcast just before news of the raid reached Paris. "Those who put oil on the flames

French troops, stationed in down one of the Tupolevs with an anti-aircraft missile, killing the The second Libvan bomber

Sources quoted by Renter said

Chad said no bombs were dropped in the abortive N'djamena raid, which they said illus-trated Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi's anger over Chad's

It was the first Chadian drive into Libyan territory and Chad said it destroyed 30 combat air-craft and killed or captured hundreds of Libyan soldiers.

tries now striking deep within each other's recognised frontiers. Western diplomats expressed the French in an operation known as "Sparrow-Hawk" which is concentrated around N'djamena.

ern Chad includes Mirage fighters, Jaguar bombers, an Atlantic reconnaissance plane and a bat-

warning from Libya's ambassador

bomber Hamed Al Houderi, blamed France for the tension in Chad, citing Paris's military aid to President Habre.

risk getting burned."

Italian arms firm reportedly planned to ship mines to Iran

ROME (R) — An Italian magistrate investigating an arms and drugs smuggling scandal says he has evidence that a leading arms manufacturer planned vast illegal shipments to Iran.

Ferdinando Borletti, the arrested head of the arms company Valsella Meccanotechnica and a board member of carmaker Fiat, was due to be questioned by Magistrate Augusto Lama in the northern port of La Spezia on Monday, judicial sourcés said.

Borletti, his son and four Valsella managers were among 32 people arrested on suspicion of illegal arms exports and criminal association after a Beirut-registered ship, Boustany I, was ordered into the southern port of Bari last Wednesday and light arms and drugs were found on

Judicial sources said magistrates suspected that the Boustany I was among at least seven vessels used to carry illegal arms to the Middle East and make return journeys with weapons for Arab guerrillas in Europe and bers of a Sicilian mafia clan.

drugs for the mafia.

Lama, who issued the arrest warrants, told a weekend news conference that Valselia had been suspected since February of planning to ship several million antipersonnel, land and sea mines to Iran via Syria.

'We lacked documentary evidence of this traffic and the re-sponsibility of Valsella... which we have now obtained in the course of operations following the seizure of the ship," Mr. Lama said.

He said part of a consignment of 30,000 anti-personnel mines produced by Valselia and authorised for export to Nigeria in 1986 was also believed to have been diverted to Syria.

Of the 32 people arrested, 17 were foreign crew of the Boustany I and two suspected memThirteen people are still being sought, including a suspected Swiss-Italian middleman.

Police and magistrates say the man fied from a hotel room in Bari the day the Boustany I was impounded, leaving behind docu-ments implicating Valsella in illicit arms deals.

Valsella Meccanotechnica, based in the northern city of Brescia, has been 50 per centowned by Fiat since early 1986. Fiat has two representatives on Valsella's six-man board but said it had no part in its management.

Valsella is not managed by Fiat but by members of the Borletti family. Magistrates have not taken any action against any Fiat member of the Valsella board," a

Fiat spokesman told Reuters. Last month, Foreign Minister Giulio Andreotti ordered an investigation into allegations by the French magazine L'Evenement Du Jeudi that Valsella had supplied mines to Iran between 1981

In Italy, all arms exports have to be cleared by the government. Sales are prohibited to Iran, Iraq, Syria and Libya because of war or

alleged guerrilla links. Industry Minister Adolfo Battaglia told Italian television he had ordered his staff to reject arms export requests from any company suspected of clandestine arms sales in the past.

The Boustany I, officially laden with scrap iron, was still being searched on Monday. Its original destination was the Ligurian port of La Spezia and it was not clear why it was in Bari, on the opposite coast of Italy.

Mr. Lama said in a newspaper interview on Monday that the investigations were only just be-

They had originated primarily from 15-month-old inquiries into the role of suspected Italian middlemen in alleged illegal arms

Magistrates have also been trying to find out how weapons used in an attack that killed 16 people at Rome Airport in De-

Iran could accept ceasefire WASHINGTON (R) - U.S.

Walters:

ambassador to the United Nations Vernon Walters has said that Iran might agree quickly to end hostilities with Iraq, adding that if it did not, Tehran should be punished by the world's na-

U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar is scheduled to travel to Tehran this week in an attempt to persuade Iran to accept a U.N. Security Council ceasefire resolution halting the seven-year-old Iran-Iraq war.

Gen. Walters said in a television interview that the government of Ayatoliah Ruboliah Khomeini was more likely to delay efforts at peace.

Asked if there was a chance Mr. Perez de Cueilar's visit could produce results, Gen. Walters replied: "Since the Iranians are

so impredictable, yes there is."

But he added: "I think they
will stall further, and if they stall further it is clear we must move on to enforcement" of the July 20 resolution calling on both nations to cease hostilities.

the form of an arms embargo against Iran by the world's nations or other sanctions, said Gen. Walters, who serves as a member of President Reagan's

As the conflict spread to attacks on oil tankers, the United States increased its naval forces in the Gulf to the present 40 warships to escort Kuwaiti tankers under the U.S. flag in international waters.

"I don't think anyone has to

partment said that three Atlantic Fleet ocean minesweepers had left Viriginia for the Gulf area. Upon arrival, the minesweepers will be assigned to the U.S. Central Command's Joint Task Force, Middle East.

While U.S. officials have generally been upbeat about the chances of Mr. Perez de Cuellar's success, private analysts say they doubt whether the U.N. chief willbe able to broker a Gulf peace. They cite Iran's insistence that

Irag's ambassador to the Un-

"We have our points and arguments on how the war started and they have their own," Mr. Hamdoon said. Iraq would like the matter put before the Interna-

U.S., Israel obstacles to peace — Arafat

beration Organisation Chairman Yasser Arafat expressed concern Monday about "dangerous developments" in the Gulf and accused the United States and Israel of escalating tension in the

He also called for an end to 'criminal" Israeli raids on Palestinian areas and said U.S. and Israeli policies are the major obstacle to peace in the Middle Mr. Arafat, in a wide-ranging speech to an International Con-

ference on Palestine, reaffirmed PLO support for the convening of an international Middle East peace conference "if the PLO is to have equal footing." Israel wants any conference to

exclude the PLO. Israel has said it would accept Palestinian representation through a Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to a con-Mr. Arafat expressed his

deepest concern for the increase in tension and navies in the Gulf region, as well as for the definite dangers this increase and presence represents for international

ments because of the Iraq-114man war and the consequent massing and heavy presence of the navies, especially the U.S. Navy.

"There, the U.S.-Israeli alliance is playing an ugly role by escalating the mode of the war, and expanding it," Mr. Arafat told the conference of non-governmental organisations, which opened Monday.

He called on participants at the three-day meeting to work to-ward "lifting the siege laid on our camps in Beirut and southern Lebanon (and toward) putting an end to the Israeli air and navai raids which are of a criminal nature and are continuously being launched against the Lebanese villages.

He did not specifically mention Saturday's attack by the Israeli air force on Palestinian areas in southern Lebanon in which up to 41 people were reported killed and 40 wounded.

Mr. Arafat called for an immediate end to the Iran-Iraq war and "for solving the conflict by peaceful means." He said this would include both parties political mileage.

He said the Gulf region "is accepting the recent U.N. Securivitnessing dangerous develooa ceasefire, which only isaq has

Mr. Arafat said the conflictover Palestine was the key to

peace in the Middle East. The only and fundamental . obstacle that stands in the face of just, permanent and durable peace in Palestine and the Middle East is the American-Israeli. stumbing block," he said.

He accused Israel, "with the belp of the United States of America and some European * countries," of acquiring nuclear. weapons and threatening to use ... them several times.

Mr. Arafat was to meet Tuesday with the No. 2 official in the 🐇 Swiss Foreign Ministry, Edouard Brunner, a scheduled meeting which Israel said last week it "deplored." Switzerland has offered to host an eventual Mid-. dle East peace conference.

The Israeli Ambassador in Geneva, Pinhas Eliav, told the Associated Press last Friday that Mr. Arafat's appearance at the conference was an attempt to put : . himself in the limelight and gain-

Italy's Gulf force delayed by parliamentary debate

send a naval task force to the Gulf has provoked a political row which will delay the ships' departure at least until the end of this

The decision, made by the cabinet last Friday, was on Monday being presented to the Senate Defence Commission at the start of a week of examination by various parliamentary commit-

Only when this process is completed will the warships set sail, Defence Ministry officials said.

Zanone wants merely to inform parliament of the cabinet decision but opposition parties, led by the powerful Communists, are demanding a full vote.

Senior Communist politician Luciano Lama said the government move was "dangerous and

The decision has also been sharply criticised by Catholic groups who back the majority Christian Democrats of Prime Minister Giovanni Goria

Shamir attacks army for opposing Lavi project

TEL AVIV (R) — Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir has sharply bomber. criticised the Israeli army for publicly opposing the Lavi fighter project, as angry aircraft workers protested against a week-old de-cision to scrap the prestige war-

In a rare attack on the top ranks of the army, Shamir told a convention of his right-wing Herut Party in the occupied West Bank on Sunday that intervention in a public debate by the Israel army was irregular and unbear-Army Chief of Staff Gen. Dan

Shomron led military leaders in opposing the costly fighter project, saying it would take funds away from other vital defence

At the Herut convention in the Jewish settlement of Ariel, Industry Minister Ariel Sharon and Housing Minister David Levy attacked Labour Foreign Minister Shimon Peres for pushing for

The Labour Party called the Herut convention a vulgar outburst and parliamentarian Ran Cohen of the left-wing Citizens Rights Movement demanded that Shamir resign, state radio said.

Shamir's criticism of the army followed a week of sometimes violent demonstrations by Israeli Aircraft Industry (IAI) workers trying to pressure the government to reverse its 12-11 vote to scrap the Lavi for cheaper U.S.-built

No minister challenged the narrow vote at the cabinet's weekly session on Sunday and Shamir said the government's decision

At least 10,000 workers circled the cabinet office blowing trumpets and rams horns as Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin told his colleagues 3,000 IAI employees would lose their jobs.

Top Iranian envoy among five expelled by Kuwait

diplomat in Kirwait is among the five ordered to leave over recent missile attacks on the emirate, diplomatic sources said on

They said Charge d'Affaires Mohammad Bageri, who heads the mission in the absence of an ambassador, is at present in Iran

and would not be allowed back. They named the other diplomats as Third Secretary Hatem Nasseri and attaches Hosein Dashi, who is the embassy's chief interpreter, Ahmad Nori and Abdullah Allahdada.

Only two — First Secretary Mohammad Faroughi and Attache Reza Mirabian — will be allowed to remain with non-diplomatic staff which the sources estimated at 25 people.

Of the five declared personna non grata, those now in the country bave until Sept. 12 to leave. Kuwait says Iran fired three missiles at its territory from Wednesday to Saturday, incluid-ing a Chinese-made Silkworm that struck the coast near a major early on Friday.

Al Watan newspaper said on Monday it was Kuwait's right to retaliate by "taking precautionary and preventive measures to defend itself and its territory."

Kuwait University has meanwhile confirmed that fires which broke out at the College of Sciences Friday night were acts of

The Council of Deans, meeting on Sunday night, condemned what it called "a criminal act aimed at the university sanctuary in a desire to disrupt studies and

KUWAIT (R) — Iran's senior stability at the beginning of the new school year," the Knwait News Agency (KUNA) reported. Local papers have said the fires destroyed an English language eaching classroom and damaged

offices of the geology and mathematics departments. No group has claimed responsibility and security officials are

still investigating.
Pro-Iranian guerrillas have been convicted of numeours past acts of violence in the emirate, which backs Iraq in the Iran-Iraq Iran's second most powerful leader said on Sunday that Iran

was willing to "forgive" Kuwait if it declared neutrality in the Gulf war, but warned that Tehran reserved a right of revenge on Iraq's allies. Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani

spoke at a meeting with Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar. Velayati and Iranian diplomats accredited to Arab and African states, according to the Iranian News Agency (IRNA), monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC).

IRNA reported Mr. Rafsanjani
as saying: "Kuwait has been aiding" Iraq. "But we have been

will forgive their seven-year-old The agency said that, addressing Kuwaiti leaders, Mr. Rafsanjani had questioned their "absurd logic" of citing a common language as a reason for supporting

patient towards this mischief. We

still tell the Kuwaitis that if they

declare neutrality in the war, we

"The Arabic language cannot be the incentive behind a joint

CAIRO (R) — A high-level Palestine Liberation Organisa-The enforcement could take tion (PLO) delegation pressed top Egyptian officials on Monday for Cairo's help to resume a dialogue with Jordan. "We have asked for help to resume coordination with Jordan

worry about U.S. resolve. We have a president who is tough,' Gen. Walters said.

Meanwhile, the Defence De-

The minesweepers are the USS Inflict, the USS Fearless and the USS Illusive.

Iraq for starting the war. ited States, Nizar Hamdoon, said in the same interview with Gen. Walters that his government could not accept blame for the

tional Court of Justice.

Gen. Walters said Mr. Perez de Cuellar would go to Iran and Iraq to discuss ways to put the resolution into effect but not change it.

PLO presses for Egyptian mediation cluded PLO Chairman Yasser Egypt has tried to mediate an end to the Jordan-PLO rift. Arafat's office director Ramzi Although Mr. Mubarak earlier Khoury, met Egyptian Foreign Minister Ahmad Esmat Abdul Meguid and Osama Baz, Presi-

Jordan suspended political in preparation for an internationcoordination with the PLO leadal Middle East peace confer-ence," Bishop Elia Khoury, ership on a joint approach to peace in February 1986 after the PLO failed to publicly endorse two key United Nations resolumember of the PLO's Executive

this year ordered the closure of PLO offices in Cairo after the -PLO sharply attacked Egypt's dent Hosni Mubarak's top politic-1979 treaty with Israel contacts with PLO officials have been Mr. Khoury said the PLO .

sought "a peaceful settlement but.", not surrender" to resolve the Middle East conflict through a confederation with Jordan.

Schmidt kidnappers linked to Hezbollah Shi'ite source said, speaking on

tions on the Palestinian question.

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — The Holly Warriors for Freedom faction is widely believed to be a cover name used by a senior member of the militant Shi'ite Muslim Hezbollah, or Party of God, in efforts to free two brothers held in West Germany. Abdul Hadi Hamadei, 27, chief of the pro-Iranian Hezbollah's security apparatus in Beirut, is believed to have masterminded the kidnapping of West German engineer Alfred Schmidt and

Committee, told reporters.

The delegation, which also in-

January, goggennesia estis e Informants say he seized the war against Israel and its militia Germans to trade them for his allies in South Leabnon. brothers, Mohammad Ali and Ali

businessman Rudolf Cordes in

Holy Warriors for Freedom," a Cordes and Schmidt for Moham- able to free the Hamadeis

brothers, not in politics. "He used his position within the party and men from the party

to carry out the abductions and

that dragged Hezbollah as well as

Iran and Syria into the German The radical Hezboliah is believed to be the umbrella for most of the Shi'ite groups holding foreign hostages in Lebanon and mili-tant extremists waging a guerrilla

"Political rhetoric is scarce in non's terrorist lexicon with a

mad Ali Hamadei. The statement condition of anonymity. "Abdul was accompanied by a photocopy Hadi is interested only in his two of Cordes' passport. Hamadei, 23, was arrested at

Frankfurt airport on Jan. 13 carrying liquid explosives in wine bottles. The United States requested his extradition to face charges of bijacking a TWA anliner in June 1985 and killing a: U.S. Navy diver aboard the But Bonn rejected the U.S. ...

demand and said Hamadei would instand trial in West Germany, which The Holy Warriors issued allies in South Leabnon. another statement on Sept. 4.

The Holy Warriors first Maying they would free the of the second free emerged as a faction in Leba- Germans within 10 days if Bonu: honoured an alleged Syrian-

Iran proposes PoW exchange with Iraq

LONDON (R) - Iran has proposed the reciprocal release of certain categories of prisoners captured in the Gulf war, the al Red Cross during the period Iranian News Agency IRNA re-

ported on Monday.
IRNA, received here, said Mohammad Nazaran, secretary of Iran's Supreme Defence Council, announced the move at a if Baghdad agreed to a reciprocal Tehran press conference on

Iragi prisoners to the Internation-Sept. 22-28. Mr. Nazaran said Iran submit-

ted a nine-point proposal to the Red Cross last week under which more prisoners would be released

Under the proposal the follow-

He also said Iran would un- ing category of prisoners would ilaterally release more than 100 be released: Those disabled: wounded or incurably ill, those who had spent more than five years in prison camps, those over-60, those under 16 at the time of capture, and doctors, relief work-

> Mr. Nazaran invited international observers to visit Iraqi prisoners in Iran, IRNA reported.

ers and other non-compatants.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE 15:38 Koran 15:50 Programme review and children programme 16:20 Children's programme (Al Man-. Mobile Camera Different Stroke Religious programme

Local programme

Programme review and varieties

News in Arabic News summary in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO 18:09 Une Nuit Satari A L'Olympia. variety programme
News in French Terre des Betes (Doc. on Fish) News in Hebrew
Varieties
News in Arabic

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz. AM & 99 MHz. FM & partly on 9560 KHz. SW Tel: 774111-19

Double Trouble
Ohara (detective series)

... News in English Mandela

97:06	Light Music
07:30	Newsdesk
68:60	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:10	Just a Minute
11:00	Follow the Wind
12:00	Collow rate Artifa
	News Summary
12:05	
13:00	News Summary
13:05	
14:00	News Bulletin
14:15	
14:30	Pop Talk
15:00	
16:08	News Summary
	rews summary
10763	lustrumentak
IPTIN	Old Favourites
17:09	Science Report
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:05	Top Twenty
18:30	Music
19:00	News Desk

...... Evening Show
...... News Summary
Evening Show Contd. **Evening Show Continue** News Summary
Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:90 Newsdesk 97:36 Music in Old Old England 07:45 Ref lections 07:50 Financial News08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Nature Notebook 08:45 Recording of the Week 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Counterpoint 10:00 World News 19:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 Frontier 10:45 Network U.K. 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Madame Boyary 11:30 Composer and Patron 11:30 News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Madame Bovary 11:30 Composer and Patron 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Good Books 12:30 De-tective 12:45 Music for a While 13:00 News Summary; Discovery 13:20 Half-Hour Drama: Persuasion 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Waveguide 14:25 A Letter from Scot-land 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Scott-land 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Scott-land 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Scottland 14:30 Album Time 15:80 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Hoax 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Network U.K. 16:45 Recording of the Week 17:80 News Summary; Outlook 17:45 Music in Old England 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Questions of Faith 18:45 Kings of Swing 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 Omnibus 19:30 Performing Early Music 20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:30 Open Door Policies 20:40 Book Choice 20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:250 Sports Round-up 21:30 Newsdesk

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 6:10 Newsline 96:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 97:16 Newsline 87:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:38 VOA Morning 09:00 Newsine 88:38 VOA Morning 89:00 News 99:16 Newsline 99:30 VOA Morning 18:00 Newsline 99:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:39 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:30 Music USA 23:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 24:10 World

WHAT'S GOING ON **TODAY'S EVENTS**

EXHIBITIONS An exhibition of plastic art by Mohammad Al Keswam at the Hous-ing Bank Gallery (until Sept. 15).

A Scientific exhibition at he University of Jordan from Sept. 6 - 10.

FILMS " Soviet film week, at the Jerusalem Melia Hotel, 6-00 - 8:00 p.m. (until

VIDEO "La France Uve Par Les Americans, 4:00 p.m. at the French Cultural Cen-

CULTURAL CENTRES Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026/7 641993 644203 624049 Goethe Institu Soviet Cultural Centre ... Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre 639777 . 665195 Haya Arts Centre ..

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th from Madaha and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jerdan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.
Jordan National Gaflery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Robary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m. Club. Meetings every Tuesday Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammanciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibden, Tel. 637440. De is Salle Charch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Assumciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Augican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383. iss Orthodox Church Asira fich, Tel. 775261. St. Ephrasim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677531

67/354.
Evangelical Latheran Church Amman,
Arabic Service: Sunday 7:00 p.m.
Rubbow Congregation, English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Rev. N. Smir,
Tel. 811295.

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 51200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

10:15 Doha, Bahrain (...... Dubai, Abu Dhabi (11:60 17:30 . Cairo (R New York, Vienna (RJ) .. Rome (RJ

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

13:30

14:35

DEPARTURES

Cairo (MS)

Kuwait (KU)

...... Moscow (SU Muscat, Doha (GF

Zurich, Larnaca (SR Kırwait (add.) (KU) 23:30 London, Cairo (BA)

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) Aqaba (RJ) New York (add.) (RJ) Tr ipoli (RJ) 09:00 L1:45 12:00 Vienna, New York (RI) 12:45 Belgrade, Geneva, Madrid (RI) London (RI Cairo (RJ 13:30 L3:45 14:00 Lamaca (RJ) . Dhahran (RI Bahrain, Doha (RJ) 21:48 Kuwait (add.) (R Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RI)

Bangkok (RI) 22-36

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat 14:**0**5 14:45

15:35 17:46

(GF)

Kuwait (KU) Riyadh (SV) PRAYER TIMES

MONEY EXCHANGE

Monday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils nc 90.7/ 92 167.5/ 169.8 56.3/ 57.1 Japanese yen (for 100) Swedish crown 237.9/ 242.2 ... 53.4/ 54.1 Swiss franc
U.K. sterling pound
U.S. dollar . 227.1/ 230.8 W. German mark 188.1/ 191.2

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of It will be relatively warm, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moder-ate and caim sea.

Min./max. temp. Yesterday's high temperatures: man 35, Agaba 36, Humiday rea

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN: Dr. Munther Al Qreini Dr. Issam Abu Haider Ambulance 193, 7 Amman downtown fire brigade... 193, 775111 ... 630341

HOSPITALS

. 845845 . 667227/9 666127/37 664164/6 777101/3 775111/26

TAXIS: 636730 Kayyali taxi Taxina taxi . Tamer taxi 842474 842400 736428 Savei taxi. 273925 GENERAL Radio Joseph Ministres 3 Hotel Hotel complete 661176

MARKET PRICES

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Ar Muasher returns after economic council talks

MMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Instry, Trade and Supply Rajai fuasher has returned after leadag Jordan's delegation to the sectings of the Arab Economic and Social Council held in Tanis,

Mohammad Saqqaf, under ecretary of the ministry who exompanied the minister to the neeting, said that the discussion vered food security and promting trade exchange among rab countries. The council niced satisfaction over the curent efforts by Arab states to icrease food production, and alled for relaxation of restriccons and measures that impede ne flow of funds and manpower. to help ensure food security for ne Arab World, Mr. Saqqaf said. During their stay in Tunis, Dr. inasher and Mr. Saqqaf ttended meetings of the Joint ordanian-Tunisian Economic lommittee and signed their miutes. The minutes, signed last

ment in the import and export of national products.

The joint committee decided to fix the level of trade for 1988 at \$30 million, shared equally by the two sides. It also agreed on organising an exhibition of Jordaniar products in Tunis and one for Tunisian products in Amman, to promote the sale of national products in both countries.

The two sides agreed that their respective trade centres, Amman and Tunis, will sell annually products worth \$5 million for each centre. In addition, they agreed to establish a joint council to organise trade matters and cooperation in industrial fields.

The two countries also decided to begin researching joint industrial ventures, employing locally-produced primary materials, as a means to pave the way for indust-

rial integration between them.
In the field of tourism, the joint committee agreed to work out a protocol and executive program-me emanating from a bilateral agreement signed in 1985.

Medical conference to begin

NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Zaid Rifai on Monday

received Jordan's permanent representative to the United Na-

tions, Abdullah Salah. Mr. Rifai also received Jordan's ambassa-

AMMAN (Petra) - The Land and Survey Department collected

ID 3,381,255 in fees for registration and parcelling of land and

dor-designate to Morocco, Wael Touqan, and Jordan's ambassa-dor-designate to Knwait, Nabil Talhouni, who will be assuming their posts soon.

Rifai receives U.N. representative

Department collects land fees

Land and Survey Department sources have said.

MMAN (J.T.) — The first fro-Arab Gastroenterology and iver Congress will open at the toyal Cultural Centre on Tueslay under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince

uesday, stated that the two

ther preferential trade treat-

- countries pledge to offer each

The three-day meeting will reiew 54 working papers dealing with liver and other internal disases in the Third World, and vays to prevent the spread of

According to Dr. Ziyad Shar-aiha, chairman of the confernce's executive committee, paroligicipants from Arab, African, and European countries, and the Unted States will discuss liver disases and hepatitis on the first lay of the meeting; peptic ulcer liseases, accompanying comvications, and recent therapeutic the Friends of Liver Patients pproaches on the second day; Society.

and gastro-intestinal malignan-

conference.

cies management in the developing world on the third day. Subjects such as inflammatory bowel diseases, irritable bowel syndrome, and biliary tract diseases will also be discussed by the

The meeting will be addressed by lecturers from the U.S., the United Kingdom, West Germany, Austria, Italy and Greece. Dr. Shariaiha noted. Third World countries taking part in the conference are: Jordan, Egypt, Sudan, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Iraq, Kuwait, Syria, Zimbabwe, Nigeria, Ethiopia, Somalia, Kenya ard Mozambique.

The conference has been organised in cooperation with the Jordanian Surgeons Society and

RSS president notes W. German assistance in energy development

2.86 million tonnes, for which the

per cent of its total revenues from

exports that year. But, he said

that Jordan now spends less

thanks to a decline in the price of

are deemed suitable to reduce

Jordan's dependence on oil, Dr.

Anani noted. The RSS has car-

ried out experiments in solar and

However, indications point to

DAMP, West Germany (J.T.) — five years, and the new en-The Royal Scientific Society deavours are expected to help the (RSS) is benefitting from West German technical assistance in developing Jordan's energy resources, especially solar and wind power, to meet the Kingdom's requirements for the coming five years, RSS President Jawad Al Anani said here 'Monday.

Addressing an international seminar on renewable energy in developing nations, Dr. Anam said that West Germany is helping Jordan to supply electric power to remote and rural regions through solar cells and wind con-

Demand for electric power and energy increased by nearly nine per cent in Jordan over the past wind power generation, and also

domestic setting, in a bid to find country meet its requirements for new sources of energy which conthe coming years, Dr. Anani said. serve oil, the RSS president He noted that Jordan's oil consumption in 1985 amounted to

He said that the RSS has been country has paid with nearly 90 conducting experiments with the assistance of the West German Agency for Technical Cooperation, and is now involved in the implementation of the "Remote Village Scheme" at Jurf Al Darawish. The West German Agency for Technical Cooperathe growing need for energy in Jordan, and solar and wind power tion is also helping the RSS to produce its own equipment and to develop its own resources to exploit solar and wind power for wider use in the Kingdom, Dr. Anani pointed out.

Royal Scientific Society reports progress on 'Remote Village Scheme'

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Royal from greater depths under- Scheme" is part of an endeavour Scientific Society (RSS) has reported that its pilot project, called the "Remote Village Scheme," is proceeding as plan-ned and is expected to be completed by the end of 1987, after the installation of wind converters required for the project. Rizek Taani, head of the RSS

Wind Power Centre, said that the wind converters, which will come from West Germany, are needed to generate power to extract water for agricultural development in the village of Jurf Al Darawish, the site of the project.

"We have already installed the other equipment, set up a model farm, planted trees, laid down pipes, and provided all the other requirements for the project, which will be fully operational in the coming year," Dr. Taani told the Jordan Times.

He said that the wind converters and solar cells are both useful for the project, but the wind converters can produce electricity at a cheaper cost than the solar power, as well as pump water

According to Dr. Taani, a survey was conducted to select the most ideal village to be developed through this pilot project, and Jurf Al Darawish was chosen. Jurf Al Darawish is a remote village located in a desert region midway between Amman and

This village is not supplied with electricity, but it has an artesian well which is now being used by the RSS to carry out experiments on pumping water out with solar and wind energy, Dr. Taani In addition, he said 25 dunums

of village land have been alloted for a model farm and plans are being made for creating a laboratory, as well as building roads and alleys, and a maintenance workshop. There are also plans for setting up pasture lands, growing agricultural crops under plastic cover in the winter season, and planting vines, and olive and ap-

The RSS "Remote Village

to help stem the migration of people from rural to urban regions, and thereby, to reduce pressure on the city councils providing basic services, according to Mr. Malek Kabariti, acting director of the RSS Solar Energy Research Centre. He said that the project is designed to provide electricity, water, and other basic services to remote regions in Jor-dan and to help people settle in these areas.

The project is being supported financially by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, the Jordan Electricity Authority, the Water Authority of Jordan, the Ministry of Agriculture, and the Arab Gulf Programme for the United Nations Development Organisations (AGFUND).

According to Dr. Taani, AGFUND is supplying \$250,000; UNDP, \$100,000, and the other institutions are supplying the re-maining of the funds for the

Parliamentary delegation returns

AMMAN (Petra) — A threemember parliamentary delega-tion, led by Rizek Bataineh who is chairman of the Lower House of Parliament Foreign Affairs Committee, returned on Monday, after concluding a severalday visit to Syria, where the delegation held meetings with their Syrian counterparts to discuss the Arab Parliamentary Union charter bylaws.

Sulaiman Al Qudah, chairman of the Lower House of Parliament's Legal Committee, and member the developed relations between of the Jordanian delegation, said Jordan and Syria, saying that that the group held talks with both countries are closely coordi-Syrian parliamentarians on intro-nating their stands in all issues of ducing amendments to the APU's mutual concern. Mr. Bataineh statute. He added that both sides added that the Jordanian and have reached a final formula on Syrian parliamentarians stressed the amendment proposals which "the need for further ethianding

ence, due to be held next month legation, Mr. Bataineh, praised in Bangkok.

is commensurate with the com-mon 'Arab parliamentary goals. for the importance of achieving a to leaders He noted further that the prop- united stand vis-a-vis all issues to osals would be put forward for be tackled during the Internationroval to the APU's council al Parliamentary Union's confer-The head of the Jordanian de-

the Gulf war.

an end to the conflict.

people.

attended by Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh, Minister of Muni-

cipal and Rural Affairs, and the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al Jaber, Governor of Zarqa Eid Qatarneh, Director of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation In am Al Mufti, UDD Director General Hisham Al Zagha, and division

Her Majesty Queen Noor visits with children in a classroom at Raya Bint Al Hussein School after

development housing in Russeifa

and day-school and literacy clas-

velopment Housing building.

ses in the Society for Urban De-

It is estimated that upon com-

pletion of the Russeifa housing

project, a total of 3,000 families

will have been provided with

the second low-income housing

project inaugurated by Her Majesty. The first was in Marka,

inaugurated in November 1985.

Today's ceremony was

inaugurating the UDD's housing development in Russeifa on Monday (Petra photo)

Queen inaugurates urban

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Mon-

day inaugurated the Urban Development Depart-

ment's (UDD) new low-income housing in Russeifa,

and distributed certificates of ownership to the

During the inauguration ceremony, UDD Director General Hisham Zagha made a speech welcoming Queen Noor and describing the 4-stage project, saying that it is the third UDD low-income housing project. The inauguration of such a project this year comes as part of Jordan's celebration of the International Year of Shelter for the Homeless, he noted.

After the certificate awarding ceremony, which was held at the Princess Raya Bint Al Hussein The UDD's Russeifa bousing is School in Yajouz area, Queen Noor toured some of the housing units, where she was briefed by the beneficiaries on the services offered to them and listened to their demands.

> The Queen also visited the UDD Housing Society and the health centre, which includes an X-ray unit. Then, she visited a number of classrooms at Princess Raya Bint Al Hussein School and inspected the playgrounds, as well as the Yajouz Vocational

Writers group sends messages

beneficiaries.

The UDD has, during its first building phase, completed 888

houses, and 24 commercial units.

The second phase will consist of

The UDD has also extended

the following services and facili-ties to families living in the entire

region, as well as UDD housing

residents: First, it has provided

health centre which receives 75

patients daily in its dental and

medical units, and a chest centre

which was moved recently from,

yet still serves, Zarqa as well as

The Vocational Training Cen-

tre, where sewing, typing and knitting classes are held, has been

In addition, two comprehen-

sive boys and girls schools with a capacity of 1,200 per school has

been set up, as well as a nursery.

an additional 612 houses.

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Writers Federation (JWF) on Monday sent two cables to the United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuéllar and Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi, in which it blamed Iran for escalating hostilities in

The JWF said that it holds Tehran's rulers responsible for the destruction caused by the fighting, and called on Mr. Perez de Cuellar and Mr. Klibi to intensify their efforts at all levels to put

In a related development, the Jordanian Writers Federation on Monday sent a cable to the Palestinian Writers Federation condoling them over the death of Palestinian cartoonist Naji Al Ali Al Adhami, who was shot in London July 23, and subsequent-

ly died on Aug. 29.
In its cable, the federation expressed deep sorrow and grief over the death of a dedicated and courageous artist, whose drawings and caricatures reflected the suffering and grievances of the

Tourism director lauds RJ's marketing efforts

AMMAN (Petra) — Tourism as a major step in promoting Authority Director Nasri Atallah tourism and attracting foreign on Monday paid tribute to the tourists to the Kingdom. efforts being exerted by Royal Jordanian (RJ) in marketing Jordanian tourist attractions an agreement under which RJ abroad and in stimulating tourism in Jordan.

Mr. Atallah referred to an agreement signed on Sept. 5 between RJ and the Finnish Tourist effect as of October and lasts for Corporation (NET), describing it six months.

Last week, RJ and NET signed will make weekly flights between Helsinki and Aqaba bringing in 188 Finnish tourists to the Red

Communications minister receives Arab postal chief

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Communications Muhieddine Al Husseini on Monday received Secretary-General of the Arab Postal Union (APU) Hassan Rashid Al Hamdani, and discussed with him issues pertaining to coordination in the communica-

tions field. Mr. Husseini also discussed with the visiting secretary general the APU's role in upgrading post-al service in the Arab World, as well as the union's future plans. The talks also dealt with Jorda-

Damascus-based Arab Postal College, which is supervised by the APU.

Mr. Hamdani praised the postal services in Jordan, the advanced standard of postal exchange with the outside world. and the quick system of delivering mail. He pointed out that Jordan is currently linked with urgent mail services in 21 Arab and foreign countries. Mr. Hamdani arrived in Am-

man on Sunday

building the student's character, (Continued from page 1) educational methods and curricu-

official ... - Considering that the two-day conference was Jordan's firstever gathering aimed at reforming the country's key sector for development and the support it got from King Hussein and the Crown Prince strongly indicates the leadership's keen support for reform in this field, the official

In the same vein, another official referred the inherent meanings of King Hussein's inaugural speech to the conference. In the speech, the King said the

momentum of education in Jordan was decelerating in terms of statity and called for a timely leview and reform of the education system towards a better adjustment to the pressing demands of a fast changing world.

The official agreed that the King was in fact "directly criticising" the educational system when he said that over the last 25 years it had failed in the area of national and physical education and that Jordan had witnessed a clear de-

foreign languages. Officials from the ministries of education and higher education supported the King's and Crown Prince's directives vis-a-vis the importance that reform of the educational system should not be seasonal but should continue through the various stages of its implementation.

cline in the level of national and

The conference has succeeded wavoiding 'seasonality' in introdicing changes," said an official.
"We have succeeded in reaching a mechanism for implementa-tion," he told the Jordan Times referring to the final resolutions. He also said that the diverse ideological backgrounds of participants in the conference had enriched the deliberations and

recommendations." Topics discussed during the conference were hailed by officials and observers, especially that they covered the pros and cons of the system and for candidly pointing out its faults and

Sportcomings.

Issues raised during the conference included advantages and disadvantages of the compulsory and secondary school system, the role of pre-elementary school in

Mational conference adopts education reform plan la used throughout the 12 years of school, the financial and educational status and rehabilitation programmes for government teachers, and the health and hygiene situation in government

> Participants made an extensive evaluation of a suggested infrastructure for the present compulsory school system. Under the proposed scheme, the compulsory school years would be raised to 10 from the present nine and the three-year secondary stage would be reduced to two years.

> Other subjects which received attention during the seminar were whether government schools had managed to educate students and whether or not school teachers were educated enough and qualified for the job.

> People in the audience also raised questions on whether government schools could have the right to choose different educational texts instead of adhering to the official curricula.

Consensus was reached on all recommendations that emerged from the detailed national report on education that was prepared during the past two years.

The conference's resolutions

were divided into four parts: The first dealt with the basis for the education policy in the country with a stress on preserving Islamic and Arab heritage as a civilisational and humanitarian

The resolution pointed out that Islam was "an intellectual framework that rejects sectarianism, racism and all other kinds of prejudice and bias."

Among the national and pan-Arab bases underlined by the conference were a revival of Jordan as a part of the Arab World and that the Jordanian people were "an indivisible part of the Arab Nation, linked by bonds of language, religion, history and

common destiny. On the Palestine question, a resolution said: "The Palestinian cause is a decisive cause for the Jordanian people." It added that the Zionist aggression on Palestine is a political, military and cultural challenge to the Arab Nation and a direct threat to its existence and future... and Jor- hours.

dan's geographical position and historic and organic links to Palestine and its people makes the Kingdom on the first line of defence for the Arab and Islamic

"The Jordanian people are one unit that cannot be divided, and there is no place among the Jordanian people for sectarianism or tribalism or any other similar forms of prejudice," the resolu-

Another resolution stressed the achievement of equality among Jordanians in their political, social and economic rights and duties "regardless of their religion, their race, colour or social

and economic status." "The development of society is dependent on organising its individuals and sectors politically, economically and socially - in a framework of dialogue in a way that preserves the national and pan-Arab interests. Political and social participation is a right of the individual and his duty towards his society," the resolution

On the academic level, the conference called for directing the education system towards conformity with the society's needs and towards expanding the concept of education on all levels. "It should be reshaped to include political and national education in addition to the other scientific, cultural, professional and spir-

itual education," it said. The conference took several resolutions dealing with impro-ving the quality of education on all levels beginning with the curriculam and its contents and ending with teachers.

W. German hostage released

(Continued from page 1)

Lebanese National News Agency by telephone that Mr. Schmidt was let go in a south Beirut suburb at 4 p.m. (0100 GMT). It said the agency received the call at 10:55 a.m. (0755 GMT),

nearly eight hours after the kidnappers released a statement saying Mr. Schmidt would be freed "within the next few

Jordan renews support

(Continued from page 1)

Minister Marwan Dudin. Petra said Sheikh Sabah voiced appreciation of Jordan's firm stand and continuous support for pan-Arab causes.

In a statement carried by Petra, Sheikh Sabah said Iranian threats against Kuwait were mounting. He said the launching of missiles against Kuwait by Iran was a "grave signal for worry and con-cern." He expressed hope that this week's visits to Iran and Iraq by U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar would be successful and contribute to ending

the Iran-Iraq war.
Petra said Sheikh Sabah's visit was primarily to brief the King on latest developments in the Gulf area and Kuwait's position regarding Iranian threats." Sheikh Sabah will visit Moscow as part of a fresh Arab effort to

win superpower support to help end the war. The visit is scheduled for Sept. 9.

An Arab foreign ministers meeting in Tunis last month appealed to the United Nations Security Council to take urgent steps to implement its July 20

resolution calling for a ceasefire in the conflict. The meeting delegated ministers from several countries of an Arab League committee on the war to visit the capitals of the five permanent members of the Security Council — the United States, the Soviet Union, China, Britain and France.

Sheikh Sabah and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz will visit Moscow, while the Jordanian foreign minister, Mr. Taber Al Masri, and representatives from Bahrain and Qatar are currently

Sheikh Sabah, speaking of an Iranian missile which narrowly missed a major oil refinery south of Kuwait City on Friday, said: We are on the fringes of a war and must bear the (resulting) Kuwait has urged the U.N.

measures to prevent new Iranian Sheikh Sabah said before leav-ing Kuwait he hoped the Security Council could approve a new resolution to implement its July

peace demand.

Security Council to take urgent

Union but all countries will follow up Resolution 598 to reach a decision on completing it," he told reporters. Iraq has said it will abide by a halt in hostilities if Iran does the

"I hope not only the Soviet

A missile fired by Iran, which accuses Kuwait of providing logistical and financial support to Iraq, landed three kilometres from a major oil refinery south of Kuwait City and damaged houses

on Friday. Two other missiles fired on Wednesday and Saturday fell into the sea, prompting Kuwait to declare five Iranian diplomats persona non grata.

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To whose advantage?

NOW that the Gulf war has resumed with full intensity, one is left wondering what advantage were the Iranian leaders seeking in the resumption. Why did they scuttle the U.N. Security Council resolution of July 20 by refusing to accept it? Indeed, they effectively sabotaged the resolution by continuing their irresponsible actions in the Gulf — such as mining neighbouring countries' harbours and jeopardising shipping in the sea-way - despite the Security Council's call for a

There has to be a motive behind the Iranian leaders' eagerness to continue the conflict, something much deeper than their fanatical rhetoric and slogans.

Does the war further the interests of the Islamic world, which the Iranian leaders so stridently claim they are serving? Does it in any way promote the security of the Gulf region? Well, just a few days ago, after a frustrated Iraq ended its unilateral ceasefire of 45 days and resumed its bombing of Iranian economic and military targets, an official spokesman in Tehran declared that Iran "opposes the creation of a crisis in the Gulf." Perhaps the war benefits the Iranian people and nation in some way? Hardly. The Gulf war, which started seven years ago this month, has made Iran a pauper. The country's once prospering oil-based economy is in a shambles. The war has seen hundreds of thousands of Iranian soldiers killed, a large number of them child-soldiers, as the Iranians themselves brazenly acknowledge. There are fewer and fewer families in Iran, as the interminable conflict wears on, which has not lost at least one male member to the war. This is not counting the innumerable Iranian civilians killed and maimed, nor, of course, the combatants and non-combatants the "enemy," fellow-Muslim Iraq, has lost.

As for the rest, the Gulf war, which is one of the most major conflicts of modern times, is being fought between two Muslim countries — so much for the unity of the Islamic world that Iran is supposed to be promoting. So far as regional security is concerned, there are scores of foreign warships in the Gulf at this moment — 47 of them from the United States alone. The Gulf region has become a tinderbox where one false move by someone can spark a conflagration involving the big powers.

The war is to the great advantage and enrichment of arms-manufacturers and -suppliers providing weapons to either side in the conflict. And of those powers that want to increase their role in the strategic region. Such as the Soviet which is so eager to advance to the warm waters of the Gulf.

But most of all, the Gulf war benefits the Iranian leaders themselves. It brings a false "unity" to the Iranian society and turns the Iranian people's attention from the miseries they have been suffering ever since the present regime came into power. And it keeps "ayatollah" this and "hojjatoleslam" that from flying at each other's throat with Khomeini about to leave the scene — Arab News, Jeddah.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Working for the future

HIS Majesty King Hussein opened in Amman Sunday a national education conference with an address reflecting his keenness on promoting the country's educational system to serve future generations. The conference, the King's speech and all previous meetings, held under the chairmanship of Prince Hassan, call for a stocktaking and a deep and insight study of the educational situation in the country and the Kingdom's achievements in educational fields. For this reason, all eyes are now focused on this conference and the educators who are discussing means of developing the young generation through knowledge. The conference will define the image of the country and its young generation for years to come and will take the Kingdom into the 21st century, the century of science and technology. Unless we cope with the coming century and its requirements we will delay the march for development and feel unable to play a meaningful role in the society of nations. King Hussein in his address summed up the whole question by saying that efforts and funds spent today will shape the kind of future Jordan will have. The King urged the educators and the experts to pool their resources and their expertise to arrive at fruitful and practical results. They have to create a new Jordan for the future.

Al Dustour: On the road to real development

KING Hussein in an address to the opening session of the national education conference stressed the need for real efforts as Jordan finds itself on the threshold of a new stage in its social and economic development. The King said that the new phase of development in Jordan should start with education, requiring from all responsible educators and officials a revision of the situation and a real assessment of the educational process. The process of reassessing and revamping the educational march in Jordan according to the King should be based on four principles: Balance between resources and population, balance between the national identity and character on the one hand and openness to world culture on the other, adaptation to the requirements of the modern age and the preservation of spiritual values and faith in God. The King pointed to the fact that an imbalance in skilled human resources came about following a quarter of century during which attention was focused on quantity rather than quality. As a result, the King said, there is a surplus of graduates with different specialisations looking for jobs in government offices and the government finds itself unable to cope with the situation.

Sawt Al Shaab: King provides guidelines

IN a nationwide address Sunday King Hussein provided new guidelines for educators in Jordan to direct the future generations to what is best for themselves and for their nation. The King's speech served as a beacon that can guide the educators and the experts of education in their work and in planning for the future of their country, closing loopholes in the educational system and charting a new policy for education. The King directed the educators to the creation of a new generation equipped with knowledge and capable of offering a real service to their country. The King noted that any delay in opening our minds to human culture of different nations is bound to lead to disaster; and this attitude acts as a real enemy to the Jordanian society. The King called on Jordanians to hasten in adopting plans that can help them cope with the scientific and technological development and participate in the prosperity of the

Public opinion and the Middle East conflict

By Fouad Moughrabi

The following article is the last part of a study that appeared in the September issue of the Link magazine. The magazine is published in New York by Americans for Middle East Understanding. The writer is professor of political science at the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga.

Canadian Opinion of Palestinian State (1982 and 1984)

				(percen	t)		
Sympathy of			11/	1982 No		1984	
Respondents	İsrael	Palest.	Neither	Opinion	İsrael	Palestine	
No peace without Palestinian state	48.0	87.0	61.0	40.0	38 <i>.7</i>	70.3	
Palestinian state threatens Israel	41.0	7.0	13.0	11.0	47. 1	12.5	
Don't know	11.0	6.0	26.0	49.0	13.9	17.3	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7	100.1	

Canadian public opinion

extremely high proportion of respondents who express no opinion. The majority of the public view Canada's role as peripheral. Among those who express an opinion, however, there is a far greater relative sympathy for the Israeli position as compared to sympathy for the generic "Arab" category. Nevertheless, in 1973 a steady, albeit slow, increase in sympathy for the Arab side began, showing a growing public awareness of the complexity of various claims and the urgent need for a peaceful settlement.

In 1982, by a majority of 54 per cent versus 17 per cent (with 29 per cent giving no opinion). Canadian respondents agreed that there would be no peace without a Palestinian state. By 1984, there was a decline from 54 per cent to 38 per cent as memories of Israel's involvement in the Lebanon invasion began to fade. Nevertheless, the number of respondents who think that a Palestinian state would be a threat to the security of Israel increased from only 17 per cent in

1982 to 22.4 per cent in 1984. As Table 19 shows, however, a surprisingly large number of respondents whose sympathies lie with the Israelis see a Palestinian

WHAT is most striking about Canadian public opinion surveys on foreign policy issues is the and, in 1984, the figure was 38.7

By and large, most Canadian respondents do not think the PLO is the political representative of the Palestinian people. The only exception is in Quebec where 28 per cent of respondents think the PLO is the representative of the Palestinians and 19 per cent disagree. At the same time, however, a majority of Canadians do think that the PLO deserves a seat at the negotiating table although they do not think the Canadian government should recognise the organisation. As Table 20 shows, 42 per cent of respondents agree that "the PLO should have a place at the negotiating table for Middle East peace. Only 18 per cent disagree, and 40 per cent express no opinion.

Jack Zubrzycki concludes his excellent study of Canadian public opinion by showing increasing recognition of the crucial issue of a Palestinian homeland," reluctance to "demand dramatic changes with respect either to "solution or to the composition of the players," and caution about getting too involved, preferring a "peripheral" role — "that of a moderating, diplomatic, behindthe-scenes player.

Canadian Opinion on PLO Participation in Peace Negotiations

<u> </u>	ΑŪ	Maritimes	Quebec	Ontario	Prakie
_					
Yes .	42.0	33.0	51.0	38.0	43.0
No	18.0	18.0	12.0	21.0	21.0
Don't know	40.0	49.0	37.0	41.0	36.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

"Should the PLO have a place at the negotiating table for Middle East

Western European public opinion

nians first appeared in European opinion surveys in 1973, corresponding to the time when the conflict began to be redefined from Arab-Israeli to Palestinian-Israeli. In 1974, France, Italy and Ireland voted in favour of the motion urging participation of the PLO in U.N. deliberations, while the other six members of the European Community abstained. In 1976, the total community announced that the pursuit of the right of the Palestinian people to give expression to its national identity could entail a territorial basis. And, by 1977, the nine members issued another declaration which said that a solution to the Middle East conflict would be possible if the legitimate right of the Palestinian people to its national identity is concretised. The statement added that representatives of the Palestinian people should take part in the negotiations. In 1980, specific mention of the PLO was made in the Venice Declaration, which said that the organisation "will have to be associated with the negotia-

Questions about the Palesti-TABLE 21 Public Opinion in the Netherlands

	Entitled	Not entitled	No answer
August 1979	91	4	5
June 1982	88	7	5
18-24 years	88	В	4
25-34 years	87	10	3
35-49 years	87	ğ	4
50-64 years	88	á	ā
65 and over	92	4	3

Asked whether the Palestinians are entitled to a state of their own, a great majority of respon-dents in The Netherlands responded in the affirmative, as is shown in Table 21. And while Greece is known in Western Europe as a strongly pro-Arab country, both at the official and the public levels, there is a remarkable similarity between British and Greek public attitudes on the Palestinian issue. Table 22 shows response to the same question on scenarios for a possible settlement of the Palestinian

Despite the fact that 12 per

British and Greek Attitudes

When the state of Israel was created in 1948, large numbers of Palestinians who lived there became refugees and are still living in camps in other Arab countries. I want to ask you about some suggestions for dealing with this problem, and whether or not they would be acceptable in your opinion. Now, would it be acceptable or not

	Britain			Greece		
	acceptable	not acceptable	den't know	acceptable	not acceptable	don't
Leave the Palestinian refugees where they are.	26	54	20	17	64	19
Allow the Palestiniar refugees to return; Israel, the West Bani and Gaza to be divided into two separate jewish and Arab states.	•	21	23	55	22	23
Allow the Falestinian refugees to return, and create a new state, incorporating Israel, the West Bank, and Gaza of which Jews and Azat would be citizens wite equal political and religious rights.	60 ks	22	. 18	57	20	23

MORI Poll, August 14-17, 1982; n=1061.

Public Opinion in Great Britain

Do you think the PLO should be included in any future Middle East peace talks, or not? Do you think Britain should recognize the PLO as the represent

	Yes	No	Don't Know	
nclude PLO in peace talks	61	24	15	
lecognize PLO	39	35	25	

*August 14-17, 1983.

cent in Britain think of the PLO as freedom fighters, they are nonetheless willing to see the PLO involved in peace negotiations. As Table 23 shows, 39 per cent agree that Britain should recognise the PLO and 36 per cent disagree. However, the British public clearly favours the

PLO's participation in peace dis-

Palestinian public opinion

In the absence of free and open elections, public opinion surveys become, among other indicators, an instrument to gauge the trends and shifts in Palestinian public opinion. Student elections at the main Palestinian universities and at funerals of important. figures become occasions for the expression of political prefer-

Several public opinion surveys have been conducted on the West Bank and Gaza. The results give us a measure of key indicators in the political universe of the Palestinians and their preference.

An academic survey conducted

in January 1982 among 2,700 Palestinians revealed that 76 per cent endorsed the idea of an independent state on the West Bank/Gaza headed by the PLO. Slightly more than 1 per cent accepted the idea of autonomy as it is advocated by Israel and the U.S. Only 4 per cent believed that the Arab states in general are indifferent to the Palestinians or would be willing to plot against them. Two per cent thought the majority (89 per cent) believed the U.S. is too biased in favour of Israel. One per cent viewed Jor-dan as the "sole representative" of the Palestinians; 17 per cent saw Jordan as a possible co-representative, while 74 per cent emphatically rejected it as representing them. Only 10 per cent perceived Saudi Arabia as interested in seeking a solution that is beneficial to the Palestinians. A larger proportion, close to one-third, described Saudi Arabia as willing to support a solution in line with U.S. interests.

A May 1983 survey of 513
Palestinians focused on relations with Jordan in the context of the then-proposed Jordanian-Palesti-

nian coordination committee. Faced with three options regarding the future of the occupied territories, 55 per cent chose an independent Palestinian state; 27 per cent said they preferred a confederation with Jordan while keeping an independent status; and 11 per cent agreed to a confederation with Jordan based on one central government. Only 12 per cent thought Jordan was sincere about wanting a solution of the Palestinian problem.

In her analysis of European attitudes toward the conflict,

Connie de Boer concludes that

opinion is toward neutrality."

Ms. de Boer finds that the decline

in sympathy for Israel has not

been accompanied by an increase

in pro-Arab sympathy. Most

Europeans prefer not to be in-

volved in the Arab-Israeli con-

"the trend in European public

Asked if the Palestinians should coordinate with Jordan or Syria in the future, 32 per cent said Jordan, 18 per cent favoured coordinating with Syria, while 40 per cent said neither. An April 1982 survey by Time

magazine revealed the following:

1. 86 per cent wanted a Palestiman state led by the PLO; 50 per cent said that Arafat should lead such a state. 2. 98 per cent endorsed the

idea of an independent Palestinian state in the West Bank and 3. Only 0.5 per cent thought the U.S. was helpful to the

Al Bayader Assiyassi, a West Bank political weekly magazine, conducted four surveys between 1983 and 1985. The results confirm those

obtained in earlier surveys. How reliable are these surveys given the difficulty of conducting such studies in Third World contexts and given the special circumstances that govern people under a military occupation? The first surveys, conducted by 'Abd Al Sattar Qasim, a political scientist on the West Bank, and by Time magazine seem reliable enough. Every effort was made to be candid about the problems Life Under Occupation (1986)

Circle the items that you or any member of your immediate family have experienced 47.5 50.7 (a) Political arrest Bestings, physical abuse, or threat Harassment or direct insults at Isr Military check points Property or land confiscation Ban on travel abroad Deportation or town arrest Pines by Military Courts

I have not experienced any of the above

Source: Al-Fajr Newspaper, September 8, 1986.

gy was clearly spelled out. The Israeli military authorities confiscated 110 interviews. arrested the person in charge of the survey, and held him for four days. An additional set of 60 interviews was confiscated. Furthermore, some interviewees thought the interviewers were agents of the occupation author-ities. Four hundred refused to be interviewed; some insisted on burning the questionnaire so there would be no evidence against them; some tore up the questionnaire, claiming that it

was anti-Islamic. The sample was large enough and representative enough so that the high refusal rate as well as the confiscation of questionnaires did not significantly alter the results. Question wording appears to be relatively neutral and question order is such that it does not

build in a bias. A more recent public opinion poll of the West Bank and Gaza was conducted by Dr. Mohammad Shadid, a political science professor at Al Najah University, and Dr. Richard Seltzer of Howard University. Despite minor problems in sampling, question wording and question order, the survey reveals attitudes and perceptions which other analysts tend to confirm: 93.5 per cent of the 1,024 respondents polled believe the PLO is the sole, legiti-Palestinian people; 71.1 per cent prefer PLO while only 3.4 per cent prefer Jordan. The United States and Jordan are blamed for the breakdown in political coordination between Jordan and the

Palestinian state in the West arms sales. Bank and Gaza. Only 6.3 per cent prefer Jordanian sovereignty. Nearly 85 per cent say that conditions of life in the West Bank and Gaza have become worse in the last five years. Most respondents have experienced some trauma under occupation. Table 24 shows the numbers of individuals who have had direct experiences with the occupation authorities.

Conclusion

By the late 1970's an international consensus appears to have emerged on the question of how to resolve the Palestine problem. The conflict is now viewed as one that pits the Palestinians against ernment. Significant portions the state of Israel, with the Palestinian side as the aggrieved party, homeless and in need of a state of its own. There is substantial support for a settlement based on an international conference where all the parties, including the PLO, meet to discuss the conflict. Most publics do not perceive an independent Palestinian state as a threat to the security of

tional consensus. Israel does enjoy a good measure of sympathy; however, the U.S. public is un-independent state. The Palesti-willing to offer Israel uncritical nians reject tutelage by any other support. At times when U.S. Arab government.

encountered, and the methodolo- interests in the region are in conflict with Israel's objectives, the public is willing to distance itself from Israel. Recently conducted studies in-

dicate that a majority of Americans favour negotiations with the PLO, and think Israel should make concessions by returning most of the territory occupied in June 1967. The results of a June 3, 1987 Los Angeles Times nationwide survey of 2,317 adults reveal that Americans hold a mixed view of the government of Israel — 37 per cent favourable, 30 per cent unfavourable and 33 per cent not sure. Fifty per cent of respondents agree that "in order to bring peace to the Mid-die East, we (the U.S.) should be willing to talk to all parties involved in the conflict, including the PLO." The vast majority of respondents (61 per cent) say that Israel should return at least some of the territory occupied in June 1967 as a condition for peace. Only 21 per cent of those interviewed think Israel should keep

all of the occupied territories. A CBS News/New York Times . poli released April 11, 1987 reveals that for many Americans, the Pollard spy case is a non-issue. The majority do not think that the case will result in lasting damage to the relationship between the United States and Israel. The majority of respondents were more angry than mate representative of the embarrassed by the case. However, only 33 per cent felt the U.S. should take some action against Israel because of its involvement in the spy case.

The vast majority of respondents (69 per cent) feel that Israel suggested the sale of arms to Iran The majority of respondents in order to "help themselves" (77.9 per cent) prefer the establishment of a democratic state for a two-to-one margin, Americans all inside all of historic Palestine - also feel that Israel has not However, in the interim, most cooperated enough with Amer-(49.7 per cent) would opt for a ican investigations in Iranian

Needless to say, the attitude of the public seems to be sharply at odds with the stated positions of the U.S. government. The latter reflects a narrow, very determined pro-Israel constituency ; which finds ready support in Congress and within the administra-

The public in Western Europe is more in tune with the international consensus. This is also reflected more accurately in the official positions of the various European governments. In Canada, both government and public. are in agreement, preferring a neutral, behind-the-scenes di-

plomatic stance that is consistent

with Canada's history. The Israeli public reflects the intransigent positions of its govappear to be moving toward a more Rabbi Meir Kahane's open calls for the expulsion of the Palestinian population, However. a significant portion of the public is willing to endorse the terms of the international consensus and others may swing in this direction if a government consensus on the

issue materialises. The Palestinian public in the West Bank and Gaza supports American public opinion the PLO and Arafat's leadership appears to reflect this internaand continues to insist on the right of self-determination and the establishment of a separate.

Reagan faces hectic agenda as he winds up summer holiday

By Gene Gibbons

SANTA BARBARA — Ptesident Reagan, dogged by events in the Gulf and at the mercy of the Democrat-controlled Congress, ended his summer holiday braced for what aides say will be the busiest month of his presidency. "We have three and possibly

four trips in September, possibly

four major addresses and at least

two major campaigns in the Congress," said White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater. Reagan, who spent the last 25 days vacationing at his California mountaintop ranch, returned to the White House on Sunday night after a stop in Topeka, Kansas, to

celebrate the 100th birthday of

Republican party elder statesman

Aif Landon. At 76 the oldest president in U.S. history, he will soon be off again, travelling first to Miami on Thursday to greet Pope John Paul at the start of the pontiff's second pastoral visit to the United

Later this month, Reagan will visit Philadelphia for ceremonies marking the 200th anniversary of

the constitution, and New York to address the U.N. General Assembly. world financial problems at the annual meeting of the World Bank and International Monetary

Fund, official sources said. The sources said Reagan was almost certain to see Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze who comes to Washington in mid-September to meet U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz.

White House insiders expect these meetings to move the United States and the Soviet Union close to agreement on a treaty banning medium-range nuclear missiles and on the timing of a superpower summit in Washington later this year.

This flurry of activity will be played out against the background of unpredictable events in the Gulf, where a U.S. navy

armada is protecting Kuwaiti tankers from Iranian attack. The administration on Thursday temporarily shelved a plan to

seek a global arms embargo against Tehran if it refused to accept a ceasefire in its seven-He also plans to speak on year-old war with Iraq.
orld financial problems at the The White House said it would wait until U.N. Secretary-Gener-

al Javier Perez de Cuellar re-

Tehran and Baghdad. Reagan also faces foreign policy pressures in his struggle with Congress over future aid to

Nicaragua's contra rebels. His allies on the Republican right suspect his Central American peace efforts will result in a sellout of the U.S.-backed contras, Liberal Democrats meantime



turned from a peace mission to question the depth of his support servative a tilt. for the prospective peace negotiations backed by five Central American nations.

> runs out on September 30 and the Central American leaders want Washington to defer further aid pending peace efforts.
> At a Los Angeles meeting with

contra leaders last week, however, Reagan pledged there would be no premature cut in aid. Reagan also faces a major fight

over his nomination of conservative judge Robert Bork to the supreme court. Fitzwater says the White

House is "pretty confident" Bork, 64, will win Senate confirmation but the battle is likely next year's presidential race. Senator Joseph Biden of Dela-

"We're always at the mercy of events to one degree or another," one Reagan aide said of the U.S. funding of the contras, president's agenda. which was \$100 million for 1987, But he added that Reagan also

has "incredible opportunities for a president in the last year of his administration" and the political clout to capitalise on them. "We're very optimistic about

prospects for an arms agreement and a superpower simmit," said the official, who spoke on condition he was not identified. "The president also has an excellent shot at influencing the future direction of the (supreme) court."

The Iran-contra scandal and televised congressional hearings from May to August into the sale to be highly partisan in view of of U.S. arms to Iran and the -1 diversion of profits to the contras damaged public trust in Reagan ware, a contender for the Demo- but the source said White House cratic nomination, is leading a opinion polls showed his per-drive to defeat Bork on the formance rating was "moving in grounds that he would give the the right direction in all catenation's highest court too con- gories."

dellain light

Life and death and the brilliance that was Egypt

By Ekkehard Bohm

HILDESHEIM, West Germany — An exhibition called "Egypt's rise to a world power," has brought together what time had separated: A sculptured bust of King Thotmes III dating from the 15th century BC.

At some time, somewhere, the bust was broken and the parts became separated. But eventually the face turned up in Cairo and the rest in New York.

Now, for the first time the work of an artist from 3,500 years ago can be admired as a single entity, just as it was when it was first created.

This is a highpoint of the Hildesheim exhibition — but not the only one. Fragments from Boston, Paris, Amsterdam and Luxor have also been put together to recreate a portrait of Thotmens'

son, Amenophis II.

The exhibition deals with the conquerors of the 18th Dynasty in the New Kingdom, the period when Egypt rose to become a

It is made up of more than 300 items from collections in Cairo, Paris, New York, East Berlin, Leiden, Leipzig and other places. It gives a picture of a society in change, going off in new direc-tions, a period that was to be one of the most brilliant epochs in Egyptian history.

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In the space of less than 100 years Egypt increased its territory fivefold, reaching the Euphrates in the north and stretching deep into Nubia in the south.

The ancient civil service grew powerful to challenge the military and the beginnings of the priest-hood of Amun-Re were established. This priesthood rocked the Kingdom and its position as a world power in the period of the Heretic Kings in the 14th century

Egypt's rise to power came

By Jim Fuller

WASHINGTON - U.S. resear-

chers are using stored blood

specimens, some going back

more than 30 years, to discover

important clues about the causes,

chronology and spread of deadly

diseases like AIDS, cancer and

Tests on blood samples, stored

in freezers at minus 70 degrees

centigrade, have also permitted's

scientists to determine the sympositoms at virus could cause and 1601

complete epidemiological studies

in several months that could have

Dr. Baruch Blumberg, vice

president for population oncolo-

gy at the Fox Chase Cancer Cen-

tre in Philadelphia, said in an

interview September 3 that re-

searchers are able to detect anti-

bodies in stored blood samples to

determine if people have been

infected with a particular virus.

Antibodies are proteins that

otherwise taken 20 years.

from a period of deep humilia-tion. About 1650 BC the Hyksos spread from Asia and overran Lower Egypt, making the king of Upper Egypt their vassel. There is considerable dispute over the ethnic origins of this tribe.

Their rule lasted 100 years until King Ahmes (1542 to 1517) suc-

ceeded in freeing the land.

The Egyptians learned a great deal from these foreigners who introduced to the Nile the horse and cart.

From this period on war chariots were the nucleus of the Egyptian army and a self-confident officer corps carried the fame of the Pharaoh afar.

In Syria the Egyptians came into conflict with the Mitanni Kingdom. After getting embroiled in various battles the Egyptians, under King Hatshep-sut (1479 to 1458), suffered setbacks but the situation was saved by his son, Thormes III.

This is roughly the background gainst which the Hildesheim exubition is set. Life is given to this period not just by listing external events but

by taking into consideration internal conditions in the state, its social groups, its aims and values. Although the exhibition deals with the splendour of the pharaohs, the lower orders and their daily life are not entirely ignored, despite the general lack of source

The exhibition depicts life from Ahmes to Thotmes IV (1402 to 1392). This includes the period when the civil service in the 18th Dynasty noticeably began to

change compared with the previous period. Hereditary office was withdrawn, replaced by a personal relationship to the king, frequent-'ly won by accompanying him in

against an invading virus, each infection leaving distinct anti-bodies that remain in the blood

for decades and permit identifica-

four university medical centres last year identified antibodies to

the AIDS virus in blood samples

taken in 1959 from a man in

Kinshasa, Zaire, demonstrating

that AIDS infected humans in

Africa as far back as 30 years ago.

The researchers found evidence of the AIDS virus in just one of

more than 1,200 blood samples

collected in the 1950s by Dr.

Arno Motulsky of the University

of Washington for his studies on

the influence of genetics on infec-

Dr. Sue Fisher-Hoch, a medic-

al scientist at the Federal Centres

for Disease Control in Atlanta,

said in an interview that a re-

search team there led by Dr.

Joseph McCormick isolated the

AIDS virus itself from a stored

blood sample first taken in a rural

tions.

circulate in the body to defend area of Zaire in 1976.

For example, researchers from

tion of the attacking microbe.

for power was the priesthood of the kingdom's god Amun-Re in Thebes. The priesthood's wealth was growing all the time, which gave the priests a material basis for their political power which no king could ignore.

Echnaton learned this later when he tried to introduce his theological revolution.

It was a time of self-confidence, because the Hyksos kings had left a cultural waste behind them. In style the Egyptians fell back to the earlier period of the Middle Kingdom. This produced a political programme and a statement of intent to build up the new strength of the state. The exhibition in Hildesheim shows splendid court art which is astonishing. There are pectorals, strings of pearls, gold rings, reliefs, busts, statues and statuettes, ceremonial axes, weapons, faience, alabaster, cosmetic utensils and imports from Crete, for example, evidence of the wide trade links the New Kingdom

On the one hand the life of the ruling classes is reflected. On the other the labouring population, the farmers and bricklayers, who were looked down upon, despised and regarded with abhorr-

ence by the civil service. The kings appear in these por-trayals as ideal types, realism is exaggerated. Workers are portrayed at work, unshaved and with unkempt hair.

Beside the aesthetic marvels in the exhibition there are examples of the tools of everyday life such as mortars, blades, spatulas, moulds, brickmoulds and pick-

Life and its continuation into the afterlife is the second aspect of this exhibition. The Egyptians did not regard life and death as contrary to one another but In competition with the king rather as a great unity. In this

isolation of the AIDS virus,"

proving that the infection was

present in that area a decade ago,

Fisher-Hoch said. "Getting the

virus itself out is very important

because it means you can char-

Dr. McCormick's blood speci-

mens were first taken during an

outbreak of Ebola virus disease, a

rare deadly illness of which little

is known. It's been found howev-

handling tissues from African

By collecting new blood sam-

1985 and 1986, Dr. McCormick's million.

ficiency syndrome), a deadly virus ticular."

ples in the same area of Zaire in

team also discovered that very

few people had become infected

with the AIDS virus since the

original survey 10 years earlier, suggesting that AIDS is a bigger

problem in urban rather than the.

AIDS (acquired immune de-

rural areas of Zaire.

green monkeys.



Features found: A faceless Thotmes III with the re-soled version. (Photos: Catalogue)

director Arne Eggebrecht has added another highlight to this exhibition which is something of a pioneer for future exhibitions of

In the basement under the exhibition rooms the visitor is introduced to the burial chamber of Sennefer, mayor of Thebes, the "Grave with the vine leaves" reproduced with exact attention

to detail. It has been reproduced with the aid of a special photographic process which was tested in Hildesheim in 1982 with an exhibition of the Caves of Lascaux.

The impression of authenticity is astonishing and the intention is the same. Lascaux and the Caves of Alta-

that attacks the body's immune

system, was first reported in the United States in mid-1981. As of

August 10 more than 40,000 cases

of AIDS had been reported in the

United States, but officials be-

lieve that even more have occur-

for evidence of the AIDS virus

among blood specimens he col-

lected in Australia and the Pacific

in the 1950s. He said the speci-

recognised. His laboratory is

seeking federal funding for the

research project that would take

"It may also be possible to

identify other retroviruses that

have not yet been identified," he

said. "Many of these populations

are from high-risk groups for hepatitis, and these groups are

very often the same for retrovir-

uses, and the AIDS virus in par-

Dr. Blumberg will begin testing

red in Africa.

er that a similar virus falled the mens may provide evidence of Ebola Marbing works can be earlier infection and wider spread contracted by laboratory workers of the disease than is currently

closed. The same is also true of many of Egypt's antiquities. Eggrebrecht wonders if admis-

sion should only be allowed to copies of these treasures. This is a proposal worthy of consideration, although there is a touch of Disneyland to the suggestion. Around the burial chamber are

displayed objects from the Egyp-tian cult of the dead, pitchers for keeping the entrails of the dead, a mask of Anubis, which the priests wore in the embalming ceremonies, grave reliefs, dummy vessels as burial objects, death statuettes an fake doorways. Spe-cial attention should be given to a splendid golden bowl and golden sandels of the time of Thotmes

mira with their Stone Age rocks have been endangered by mass hibition of this class, is many

vered about six retroviruses, a

complicated group of microbes

that have been found to cause

AIDS, leukemia and possibly

multiple sclerosis. Researchers

predict that other retroviruses

plaining the causes of many hu-

man diseases whose origin is now

Many scientists suspect that the

AIDS virus is the result of a

recent mutation of an animal

retrovirus, making it able to in-

fect humans. A report earlier this

year by researchers at the Har-

vard School of Public Health said

that a recently discovered retro-

virus believed to be related to the

AIDS virus, but apparently caus-

ing no symptoms, and found to be

present in some humans in West

Africa, is virtually identical with

another virus that causes an

AIDS-like disease in monkeys.

mitted scientists to make substan-

tial progress against many other

diseases as well. Blumberg disco-

vered the hepatitis B virus, for

which he won the Nobel Prize,

and went on to develop a hepati-

tis B vaccine as a result of his

work with blood specimens col-

lected in Australia in the 1950s.

world's major bealth problems,

affecting some 200 million people

worldwide. Like AIDS, it's trans-

mitted by the sharing of blood

Blumberg's research team also used blood samples collected in

Taiwan 20 years ago to identify a

risk factor for the development of

products and sexual contact.

Hepatitis B is one of the

Stored blood samples have per-

will be discovered, possibly ex-

respect Hildesheim museum tourism and have had to be death papyri, that provide information on Egyptian ideas of the underworld.

These papyri come from the collection of the Egyptology Museum in East Berlin and are evidence of the splendid links between Hildesheim and museums in East Germany.

The papyri include a letter from Sennefer to his tenant Baki. It is likely that the addressee never got the letter, which was probably a good thing for Baki's peace of mind.

Sennefer's tone to his subordinate, reminding him of his official obligation, is tart to say the least.

"Do not be careless, for I know what is said about you, that you are idle and lie about having Another rarity, even at an ex- eaten to the full." - Han-

Scientists use stored blood to study deadly viruses cancer. Blumberg said his team

involved in therapeutic measures" to deal with the problem. Blumberg, using blood samples from South Korea, has also confirmed that increased ferritin

Blumberg's group has collected about 400,000 serum specimens over a period of more than 30 years, and uses computer storage

Fisher-Hoch said that the physical act of storing the blood samples is a major problem. "Viruses survive very poorly out-side the body," she said. "As soon as you take a blood sample from a patient half the viruses die. And every time you take a specimen from cold storage and thaw it you lose more viruses. But

was able to test an hypothesis that individuals with high levels of the risk factor, called ferritin, were more likely to get cancer than people with low levels of the blood protein. Blumberg did this by comparing the ferritin levels found in the 20-year-old blood samples with the results of a more recent survey to identify the people who actually developed

"Lt's like saying what if we knew what this person's ferritin level was 20 years ago, could we have predicted whether he'd develop cancer?" he said. "The answer is yes. And we're now

levels indicate an increased probability for cancer of the liver.

and retrieval techniques to keep track of them.

low-temperature storage space is the biggest problem of all. No-body has enough." — U.S. Information Agency.

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Queen of neo-spiritualists does booming business, draws darts

By Christopher Hanson

YELM, Washington — Dressed in flowing white robes, seated on a throne-like chair and speaking in husky stilted English, the fairhaired woman communicated advice from a prehistoric warrior to a rapt audience.

The messages extolling individual supremacy and freedom were punctuated with an occasional "indeed" and "so be it."

Now and then the woman would shout, "get it?"
"Got it" the audience would chant back.

Spiritualism is an ancient phenomenon, but it has recently become a booming business in the United States and experts on religious fringe movements say its most successful practitioner is J.Z. Knight, the leader of this

Knight, 41, a former television executive, says she is a "channel," or medium, for the disembodied spirit of "Ramtha," a warrior chief from the lost conti-

nent of Atlantis. According to Knight, who lives in Yelm, a farm hamlet near Seattle, Ramtha left this world 35,000 years ago and ascended to

join an "unseen brotherhood" of benign spirits. Kinght's followers include affluent, university-educated people who have turned out in droves for "audiences" around the country, paying \$400 for seminars and \$1500 for weekend

retreats at which Knight delivers Ramtha's message.

The message is that everyone is a God, there is no right or wrong, there should be no guilt, and that, by understanding these truths, one learns to control one's des-

"It is the process of waking up and claiming your kingdom," Knight, speaking as Ramtha, told a recent gathering. "I tell you straightaway for the lot of you 'tis not a fable."

As the session began, Knight, dressed in a white Indian-style gown, appeared to go into a trance. Her eyes closed, her arms went limp, her head lolled. She moaned.

Her eyes opened, she stood. bowed did a Chinese tai-chi exercise move, grimaced, and shouted: "indeed indeed,"

Finally she launched into a Hungarian.

Ramtha's adherents include actresses Linda Evans of television's "Dynasty" and Shirley MacLaine, who identified Ramtha as a key spiritual guide in a recent best-seller.

Knight says her enterprises take a millions of dollars a year. She raises costly Arabian horses

on her own ranch. There are also hundreds of lesser-known mediums with simi- go into a trance.

lar messages, says religion expert Martin Gardner. Most are based on the U.S. west coast, including former

country singer Jamie Sams, who channels for "Leah," a being supposedly living 600 years in the future on Venus. University of Denver religion professor Carl Raschke told Reu-

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ters channelling's popularity stemmed from "a desperate hunger of those who have lost their spiritual rudder."

In a recent U.S. poll, 42 per cent of the sample said they had had contact with the dead, up

from 27 per cent in 1973. Channelling is part of the "new age" movement that believes in Eastern and occult ideas including reincarnation, mystic healing and the magical powers of crystals and pyramids.

Knight says she first saw a vision of Ramtha in 1977 after placing a small ornamental pyra-

mid on her head as a joke. Channelling differs in two ways from the spiritualism that was popular in the 19th century, cri-

tics say. niques of advertising and mass communication to make much more money than ever before.

Knight, for instance, has an estimated 25,000 people on her mailing list and scored a publicity coup by appearing on television host Merv Griffin's talk show several years ago.

Second, the critics say today's channellers make much less effort than earlier spiritualists to demonstrate the truth of their claims, relying instead on blind

Mediums once "proved" their powers in darkened rooms. Customers heard unearthly voices, raps from the world beyond.

Many early mediums were exposed as frauds, but channellers shun conjuring tricks that might be similarly unmasked, said Reg Alev of the private Chicagobased Cult Awareness Network.

The Committee for the Scientific Investigation of Claims of the Paranormal (CSICOP), a group of sceptics, has challenged Knight and other channellers to submit their claims to scientific testing. None has, according to CSICOP.

Knight's organisation recently solicited investments in her Arabian horses, saying Ramtha endorsed the idea. Many deals went sour and Knight's lawyer told Reuters she voluntarily returned money to some investors.

Ramtha predicts earthquakes will soon devastate the world but the Pacific northwest will be saved. Real estate experts estimate that up to 1,500 believers have flocked to the area.

Marita Mick of Chicago told Reuters her teenaged daughter became obsessed with Ramtha after hearing Knight on an audio tape. She withdrew from her paprolonged sermon, speaking in an accent that sounded Polish or spent all her money on Ramtha tapes, and said she was moving to Yelm to, as she put it, be near 'my God, J.Z. Knight."

Mick said only counselling by experts who "deprogram" cult followers brought her daughter

Steven Bakker, a former aide to Knight, recently told reporters he resigned after he saw her practising Ramtha gestures and statements without bothering to

Other new age adherents are critical of Knight.

One, Denver mystic John K. Smith, claims Knight is deceiving the public because Ramtha's spirit was imprisoned in a magic crystal aeons ago as punishment for his bad deeds on earth. "I've seen the crystal. He's in

it." Smith told Reuters. Knight declined to comment but her spokesman Les Sinclair replied, "Hogwash ... there's no question she's for real."

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Extracts from the third of the telexes — from Mr. Lukman (top right) to Mr. Nazer (bottom left) — whose transmission to the Guardian was abruptly terminated. Top and bottom right, the

Iranian and Venezuelan oil ministers, Mr. Gholamreza Aghazadeh, and Mr. Arturo Hernandez Grisanti.

Telexes reveal that member states failed to supply up-to-date figures

OPEC unaware of scale of quota busting

By John Hooper

TELEXES from the President of OPEC to the oil ministers of Saudi Arabia, Iran and Venezuela, which appear to have been sent in error to The Guardian, show that he does not know how much its member states are producing. They also contradict a statement from the organisation's Secretariat that it would take prompt action to stop quota

Oil prices, which had risen on fears over the Gulf, have dropped by almost \$3 a barrel this month because of alarm at reports of quota busting by OPEC. Its president, Nigerian Oil Minister Rilwanu Lukman, succeeded in stemming the fall earlier last-

the latest reports as "wildly exaggerated."

He admitted that OPEC's output was above its 16.6 million barrels a day (b/d) ceiling but scoffed at estimates that the overproduction could be as much as 3 million b/d, saying that a figure of 1-1.2 was more likely. The effect was consolidated by a statement from the Vienna-based Secretariat which said that Mr. Lukman "plans to take immediate measures to ensure strict adherence by member countries."

In two of the telexes, however. the Nigerian oil minister concedes that "no action can be taken in this respect unless some concrete evidence indicates specifically which member countries in a better position to ascertain

week when he described some of are violating their agreed production levels and by how much." In the third message, to Saudi Arabia's minister Hisham Nazer, he adds in cables that "eye believe that some time should be given before any measures are taken."

His telex to Mr. Nazer is particularly pointed. The Saudi minister was the first in OPEC to raise alleged quota busting. But, as Mr. Lukman points out in his reply, a report by a special-

ist news agency indicated that production by the Gulf countries exceeded 13 million b/d against a production level of 10.5 million b/d as provided for in the agree-ment." OPEC's President added: "If these alleged violations are accurate, Saudi Arabia would be

the magnitude thereof and to use its good offices vis-a-vis its neighbours to put an end to them."

The messages reveal that dur-ing July four of OPEC's 13 member countries had not fulfilled their commitment to supply the organisation's Vienna-based Secretariat with a figure for their production. Of these, Iraq has not been party to the three latest OPEC deals and Ecuador was still recovering from the effects of an earthquake.

The other two were Qatar and the United Arab Emirates both countries within Saudi Arabia's area of influence. All the other member states gave figures showing output below quota -

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Graf, Evert and Shriver cruise into U.S. Open fourth round

NEW YORK (AP) — Top-seeded Steffi Graf, No. 3 Chris Evert and No. 5 Pam Shriver breezed into the fourth round of the U.S. Open with victories over unseeded opponents on Sunday.

advanced.

Graf needed only 38 minutes to score a 6-2, 6-0 win over one of her best friends, Patricia Tarabini of Argentina.

"It's the first time I played her," Graf said, "Sometimes during the match I had to tell myself to stop laughing because of the way she was looking at me."

In other play at the National Tennis Centre, Evert eliminated Natalia Zvereva of the Soviet Union 6-0, 6-2 in 64 minutes, while Shriver downed Laura Golarsa of Italy 6-1, 6-2 in 42

"Obviously, she was in a rush to get off the court," Shriver said of Golarsa. "If she had played better, then I would have played

Also advancing were seventhseeded Zina Garrison, No. 10 Manuela Maleeva, No. 11 Lori McNeil and No.13 Sylvia Hanika.

In men's play, second-seeded Stefan Edberg and No. 3 Mats Wilander moved into the fourth round with straight-set victories, while No. 5 Miloslav Mecir also

Shriver's match, the first of the day on the stadium court, was played before a few hundred

"It's hard to remain intense when the stadium is half empty and your opponent isn't playing well," said Shriver, who has won 18 straight matches.

After winning the first set in 16 minutes, Shriver was concerned that the match would end too quickly.
"My folks drove up (from

Maryland) to match me," she said. "I figured I had to be out there for at least 45 minutes. Graf, who will play Hanika Monday, has not lost a set in the tournament.

first three rounds. Neither has Evert, second-seeded Martina Navratilova or Shriver.

'Maybe I'll feel a little better after a tough match," Graf said. "But Martina is beating everyone easily also, so you could say the same thing about her.'

Evert, who is seeking her seventh Open title, said the women's competition is shaping up as expected.

"It's been pretty predictable," she said. "Everybody's advanced who's supposed to advance. Graf and Navratilova are playing very well and Hana (Mandlikova) has been sneaking through there. She could be a threat.

Wilander beat Libor Pimek of Czechoslovakia, 6-2, 6-0, 6-1; Edberg topped Kelly Evernden of New Zealand, 6-2, 6-1, 6-4; and Mecir beat Jakob Hlasek of

Switzerland, 6-4, 6-4, 2-6, 6-4.
Wilander won 84 of 127 points
against Pimek, the 100th-ranked player in the world. The Swede was not lost more than three games in a set so far in the

Cordero rides Manila to victory in Arlington

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, Dinois (AP) — Jockey Angel Cor-dero Jr. was happy to be back aboard Manila again, especially after riding him to a 1½-length victory c ar Sharrood in Sunday's Budweiser-Arlington Million. "I rode him as a 2-year-old," the 44-year-old Cordero said. "I watched him grow and he was always in my mind.'

Manila came into the Million off his only defeat in 10 races this year, a second-place finish behind Talakeno in the Bernard Baruch at Saratoga last month.

On Sunday, with Cordero on

his back, Manila was back in the winner's circle.

"He compares to the greatest horses I've never riden," Cordero said. "He proved he's the greatest grass horse I ever rode. If you beat him, you have to be lucky. At his best, nobody beats him unless something unusual

the top of the stretch after Manila

"But he's a great horse. Great horses ride you, you don't ride

Cordero, who this year joined Bill Shoemaker, Johnny Longden and Laffit Pincay Jr., as a winner of 6,000 career races, called 1987 "a very good year."

appens."
"I've been healthy and winning a lot of stakes," Cordero said. "I'm riding some of the best surged out of traffic to establish a horses in the country. You can't clear advantage on the turn for ask for more. And I'm riding for home.
"If I had my way, I'd have waited longer," Cordero said.
some of the greatest trainers, which helps. That's a winning combination and hard to beat."

Roche's triple crown earns him place in history books

VILLACH, Austria (R) - Ireland's Stephen Roche is on top of the world despite himself.

Dublin's favourite son wrote himself into the cycling record books on Sunday when he became only the second man to win the tours of France and Italy and the World Championship Road Race in the same year.

Yet halfway round the final 12-km circuit Roche had decided he would sacrifice his own chance and try to help friend and compatriot Sean Kelly win one of cycling's most prestigious titles.

A group of 12, including Roche, Kelly and defending champion Moreno Argentin of Italy, had made a decisive break

276-km race. Around him Roche saw nothing but sprinters. Sprinting is Kelly's game, not Roche's — at

six and a half hours into the

least not until on Sunday. But covering other riders' breaks and other tactical ploys, Roche could have lifted Kelly to the gold medal. But to his surprise nothing happened. "They were all looking at each other and decided to have a go myself," Roche said.

Seven riders, including Kelly, were dropped. Turning into the 500-metre straight, Roche stole a 10-metre lead and, although Argentin and the rest were clos-

ing rapidly in the last 20 metres, the Irishman won by a second.
"I did everything for Sean and it paid off for me," French-based Roche said. It was a remarkable victory by a man who has struggled with injury since his Tour de France success.

Johnson and the Africans share the glory in Rome

ROME (Agencies) — Ben Johnson sprinted into sporting immortality and Africans romped away with a huge share of the glory in the World Athletics Championships which ended here on

Johnson propelled sprinting into a new realm when he hurtled through the 100 metres in 9.83 seconds, devastating both the world record and the challenge of title-holder Carl Lewis

Lewis, three times a winner at the inaugural world championships in Helsinki in 1983 and four times in the 1984 Los Angeles Olympics, had to be content with a double in Rome.

The American equalled the old 100 metres world mark of 9.93 but it was not enough against the explosive Canadian, who thre tens to hustle deeper into Leas territory as he contemplaces extending his repertoire to the 200 metres at next year's Seoul Olympics.

Lewis defeated Soviet challenger Robert Emmiyan to retain his long jump title with a pair of 8.67 metre leaps and bolted past Soviet anchor man Vladimir Krylov to help the U.S. win the sprint

relay once again. Johnson earned accolades from all, including Said Aouita, Morocco's supreme middle-distance runner who added the

embassy.

world 5,000 metres title to his 1984 Olympic crown on the final day of the nine-day meeting.
"I've never seen a sprinter run

the way Ben Johnson does. I like Ben Johnson. I was very happy to see him run. He was the best athlete here even though he only won one gold medal," Aouita

jumper Stefka Kostadinova set the only world records of the championships within a quarter of an hour of one another. But world records aside, the second world championships gave

a significant pointer for the 1988 Seoul Olympics as African runners took every men's flat race title from 800 metres to the marathon. Kenyan President Daniel Arap

Moi was in Rome to see littleknown marathon runner Douglas Wakihuru upstage Australian defending champion Rob de Castella and the rest to bring his country their third title following the victories of Paul Kipkoech in the 10,000 metres and Billy Konchellah in the 800.

Africans recorded a remarkable treble on the final day with Somalia's Abdi Bile destroying British title-holder Steve Cram in the 1,500, Aouita reducing the rest to a supporting cast in the 5,000 and Wakihuru emerging

ANNOUNCEMENT

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from obscurity in the marathon. East Germany headed the medal chart with 10 golds, 11 silvers and 10 bronzes, while the United States went one title better than last time with nine golds, two more than the Soviet Union.

Silke Gladisch of East Germany (100 and 200), Tatiana Samolenko of the Soviet Union (1,500 and 3,000) and American Johnson and Bulgarian high Jackie Joyner-Kersee (heptathlon and long jump) completed individual doubles, emulating the feats of Lewis, fellow American pended for three months. Mary Decker and Czechoslova- LAAF officials said they did not kia's Jarmila Kratochvilova in know what event Nilsen had com-Helsinki.

Seven athletes retained their titles, most notably Soviet pole vaulter Sergei Bubka, who destroved all rivals with just two vaults on Saturday and might well have beaten his own world record if a fanfare of trumpets heralding a victory ceremony had not broken his concentration at the critical point.

The great Ed Moses, beaten for the first time in nearly a decade last June, retained his 400 metres hurdles crown by just two hundredths of a second and announced he would aim for his third Olympic title in Seoul.

Positive dope testing

The International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) released the names on Monday of nine athletes suspended after positive dope tests this year. French men's sprinter Antoine Richard, Romanian women's high jumper Gabriela Mihalcea

and sprinter Mihalea Chindae, Australian women's javelin thrower Sue Howland, French men's shot putter Jean-Louis Demarne and hammer thrower Eric de Smedt and Norway's Lars Arvid Nilsen have all been banned for two years under new regulations approved by the LAAF congress here.

West German men's javelin thrower Thomas Menne and Turkish long jumper and triple jumper Temel Eerbek were sus-

peted in. Under the new regulations,

for three months for a first offence. Athletes using any other substance on the IAAF's list of banned substances are suspended for two years for a first offence. Any subsequent offence under either category will result in an automatic life ban.

W. Germans squander

An abysmal performance by the West German athletics team at the world championships which closed in Rome on Sunday has led to demands for a major shake-up in the way the sport is run domestically.

West Germany, not so long ago an athletics power, failed to win a single gold medal in Rome, picking up just one silver and two bronzes in by far the worst team display ever at major cham-

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SPORTS IN BRIEF

Top racehorse trainer fractures skull

LONDON (R) — Top British racehorse trainer Fred Winter has fractured his skull in a fall at his home in Berkshire, west of London, and was unconscious in hospital, his daughter Joanna said on Sunday. Winter, 60, who won the Grand National twice as a jockey and twice as a trainer, is believed to have fallen down stairs as he made his way to bed on Sataurday night. His daughter, 30, said her father had been on the critical list but was now in a stable condition in the intensive care unit at Oxford's Radcliffe Infirmary. As a jockey Winter won the Grand National on Sundew in 1957 and Kilmore in 1962. After retiring from riding in 1964 he turned to training and twice again steered horses to national victories.

Team sets up base camp on Everest

KATMANDU, Nepal (AP) — A four-man New Zealand expedition led by the son of one of Mount Everest's first conquerors has set up the base camp for its attempt to climb the world's tallest peak, the team said. The base camp was set up Aug. 23 at 5,360 metres on the Khumbu Glacier, said a statement from the team, brought to Katmandu on Monday by a messenger. Led by Peter Hillary of Auckland, 33-year-old son of Sir Edmund Hillary, the climbers planned to climb the southwest face route up the 8,846-metre mountain, reaching the top by early next month. In 1953, in the first conqueror of Everest, Sir Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay of Darjeeling, India, climbed the southeast ridge.

Spaniards progress on Himalayan peak

KATMANDU, Nepal (AP) — A Spanish team has set up its second high-altitude camp at 6,250 metres in its attempt to climb the 8.400-metre Mount Lhoste Shar, the base camp reported Monday. The eight-member team, led by Antoni Sors Ferrer, a 38-year-old carpenter from Barcelona, established its base camp on Aug. 19 at 5,180 metres.

Chinese weightlifter breaks world record

OSTRAVA, Czechoslovakia (R) — Sevdalin Marinov of Bulgaria won the gold medal in the 52 kg class at the World Weightlifting Championships on Sunday but silver medallist He Zhuogians of China stole the show with a world record 153 kg in the clean and jerk. He beat the previous mark of 152.2 kg set by Neno Terziiski of Bulgaria more than three years ago but the lift came outside the medals competition. Marinov himself equalled Terziiski's world mark with a total of 262.5 kgs. The Chinese finished with a 260-kg

French pair wins cycling race in Spain

JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA, Spain (AP) — Herve Moineau and Bruno Le Bihan of France became world motorcycling endurance champions after they won an eight-hour race around this southern Spanish circuit Sunday. They clinched the championship although there is still one race to be held in the French Paulo Ricard Circuit within 15 days. Both Moineau and Le Bihan. riding a Suzuki machine, dominated the Spanish race from start to finish to cover 234 laps during the eight hours. The Belgian pair of Varenbergh and Doncket, on Suzuki, took the second place with 231 laps, and Brand and Benelman of the Netherlands, on Yamaha, were third with 231 laps.

Dutch beat Soviets in hockey

LONDON (R) - Sophie Von Weiler scored a first-half hat-trick to lead the unbeaten Netherlands to a 5-1 victory against the Soviet Union in the Women's European Hockey Cup on Monday. Lisanne Lejeune, the tournament's leading scorer, added two is more goals, including one from a penalty stroke, as the Dutch handed their pool a rivals their first loss in four matches. Lejeune has 10 goals from four matches. In other pool a matches, Scotland moved into third place with a 3-0 victory against Wales. Moira McLeod's accounted for all the scoring with a hat-trick of her own. France picked up their first points by beating Belgium 3-0 in their bottom-of-the-table match.

Triptych eclipses Risk Me, **Entitled in Pheonix Stakes**

defeats in the past two years, Triptych won the 400,000-pound (\$640,000) Pheonix champion Stakes for thoroughbreds at

The five-year-old French trained mare, which finished third last year but was unplaced the year before, stormed through the field after being second last of the 12 runners at the halfway stage of the 11/4 mile (2 km) race.

DUBLIN, Ireland (AP) - After favourite at 5-4 and showed her class as she overtook Entitled and Risk Me in the final 200 metres. Entitled, the Mount of Ireland's Declan Gillespie, finished Pheomix Park racetrack Sunday. second while another Irish jockey, Mike Kinnane on Cockney Lass, edged Britain's Walter

Me for third place. Only 11 of the horses finished after Groom Dancer unseated his Ridden by French-based Tony rider, French jockey Dominique Cruz, Triptych was the clear Boeuf, in the opening stages.

Swinburn on Ascot Knight and

American Steve Cauthen on Risk

Syria prepares to host Mediterranean Games

DAMASCUS (R) — Latakia City, Syria's "bride of the coast," is being decked in finery for a sporting spectacular when the 10th Mediterranean Games open there this week.

Syrian sports officials, punning on the northern port's bridal nickame, say they are preparing a Mediterranean wedding feast for the 3,000 athletes from 18 counon Friday.

Soviet expert Boris Petrov, who orchestrated the grand opening of the 1980 Moscow Olympic Games, will direct 22,000 young people from Latakia province in a spectacular 135-minute opening ceremony, the officials said.

It will include panoramas celebrating Syria's ancient achievements and peace among nations, they said. Syria is determined to make

the event the most impressive since the first games in Alexandria in 1951. Spain, Lebanon, Italy, Tunisia, Turkey, Algeria, Morocco and Yugoslavia have also hosted the four-yearly

Syria will field the biggest team of 500 athletes and officials for a record 18 events, followed by Italy's 420.

Albania will be seen at the games for the first time. Egypt, Syria's diplomatic foe for a decade, is also sending a team.

The Latakia Complex includes a 45,000-seat stadium surrounded hy five huge tent-shaped halls tries expected to watch President encompassing 10 tennis courts. Hafez Al Assad open the games and 30 sports halls.

Athletes will be housed amid iron-tight security in blue and white decor at an Olympic-style Equestrian and shooting events

will be held in Damascus Aleppo will host basketball and some soccer ties and Tartous will stage the table tennis contest. Cyclists will race on rugged phoenician culture, its modern mountains tracks between Latakia and Homs.

Japan gave Damascus a \$60 million loan for fully computerised scoring and timing equipment and communications for hundreds of foreign journalists covering the games.
Saudi Arabia also granted

cash-strapped Syria \$5 million to offset its costs.



ORIOUS POURING: Steffi Graf (left) a Kohde-Kilsch in a cheerful pose after crowning their individual achievements this season by winning the Federation Cup and the women's international lawn tennis team title (DaD photo)

Real Madrid to take on Napoli in European Cup

MADRID (R) — Real Madrid, which meets Diego Maradona's Napoli in a European Cup firstround tie next week, continued to show impressive early season form when they thrashed Sport-ing Gijon 7-0 in the Spanish

League on Sunday.

Mexican striker Hugo Sanchez scored three goals and Rafael Gordillo, Manuel Sanchis, Rafael Martin Vazquez and Michel Gonzalez one each in a performance that took Real's tally to 11 goals for and none against in their first two matches.

It was a display that provided little joy for Napoli. A member of the Italian club's coaching staff, Domenico Casati, who was at the match, commented: "We knew Real were a great side. We could not have had worse opponents."

"We played fast and cleverly. One can always do better, but I cannot ask more from the team at the moment," Real's Dutch coach Leo Beenhakker said. Sporting Gijon coach Jose Manuel Novoa described Real's smooth performance as "playing like an accordion.

Seville thrashes Barcelona

Real's form was in marked contrast to that of their great rivals Barcelona who lost 2-1 to Seville, conceding second-half goals by Pablo Bengoechea, a penalty, and Zholo Ruiz. It was Seville's first win in Barcelona for 48 years.

Barcelona's West German midfielder Bernd Schuster scored his first home league goal since April 1985 but it was not enough to save the Catalan Club. Terry Venables, Barcelona's

English coach, commented: "I do not think we should change our way of playing, just improve it." Portuguese star Paulo Futre scored for Atletico Madrid in a 1-1 draw in Majorca, the home team's goal coming from the penalty spot. Atletico coach Luis

Menotti of Argentina said he was

satisfied with winning one point Futre's skills were sadly missed by his former club Porto, which starts the defence of the European Cup next week. Although Porto pulled level with Sporting at the top of the Portu-

guese League they were always struggling in a duli 2-0 home win against city neighbours Boavista

Leverkusen on Saturday.

But the chasing pack gav no ground, with Cologne, on Sunday.

A diving header by Gomes put Porto into the lead in the 33rd minute after Madjer had split the visitors' defence with a long pass to Sousa who supplied the cross. They had to wait until the dying seconds for their second goal when defender Joao Pinto shot home from a high cross. Setubal's 3-1 defeat at home by

Belenenses was a surprise after the newly-promoted club's win over Benfica the week before, a result that put them top of the

Managed by Englishman Mal-colm Allison, Setubal held a 1-0 halftime lead but tired in the second half, succumbing to a late three-goal burst by the visitors.

West German 1st Division

Werder Bremen, surprise lead-ers of the West German First Division, extended their unbeaten run this season to seven games with a 3-1 win over Bayer But the chasing pack gave them no ground, with Cologne, Borus-

sia Moenchengladbach and Stuttgart turning in commanding per-formances. Only title-holders Bayern Munich, who have had a disappointing start to the season, were made to struggle, coming back from two goals down against Frankfurt.

Goals from Norbert Nachtweih in the 44th minute and captain Klaus Augenthaler in the 54th levelled the score for Bayern before Roland Wholfarth snatched the winner eight minutes later.

Italian Cup

Juventus, without the services of injured stars Ian Rush and Michael Laudrup, lost 2-1 to Pisa on Sunday night in the Italian Cup but still qualified from their six-team section for the next

Internazionale Milan also reached the next round but only on the strength of a 5-4 penalties victory over Ascoli when their match ended in a 0-0 draw.

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3-30 4-00 8-30 10-30

Performances 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following were the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

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1.3115/25 1.7930/40 2.0180/90 1.4860/70 *37.27/29* 5.9975/6.0025 1298/1299 141.70/80

6.3275/3375

6.5890/5940

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lira

6.9140/90 One ounce of gold

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns ' 463.50/464.00 U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Shares were mixed in lacklustre trading in the absence of a lead from the Wall Street market which is closed for the U.S. Labour Day holiday, dealers said.

Although mixed, the market tended softer after last Friday's surprise half-point rise in the U.S. discount rate which took the New York market lower and after a sharp fall on the Tokyo exchange prompted by rumours that further Japanese companies may announce losses incurred in the local bond markets. At 1418 GMT the FTSE 100 index was 1.6 points lower at 2,273.3 after reaching a low on the day of 2,267.5 at 0911 GMT.

After last week's upturn, volume was reported as low. In the absence of major U.K. economic data this week, most in the market are awaiting the Wall Street market's return from holiday nervously. Many expect last Friday's negative reaction to

the rise in the U.S. discount rate to continue. Dealers said that Friday's U.S. trade figures for July have assumed even greater importance, with some analysts increasing their deficit forecast to around \$17 billion from the \$15 to \$16 billion previously expected.

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Later in the day and evening you may encounter annoying obstacles, so start early, make thorough plans and follow through with

them before your patience runs out.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Avoid becoming involved in a clandestine situation. Ideas for expansion can be handled quite successfully.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't harp on a moot point with your mate, as it could cause big problems.

Control your thoughts carefully. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You could be of real ser-

vice to a friend who needs support. Rest up in the evening, you may be up late tonight.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Try not to

upset an old contact this evening. Changing your routines will give you mire freedom. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Be cautious about a new leisure activity that may cause financial stress. Don't take any risks this evening.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A fine understanding control your opinions or family life.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take stock of your situa-tion and beautify your surroundings. If you go out tonight, drive carefully and stay alert. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) There is a possibility

of damage to your property. Bring your creative ideas down to a practical level. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) The family may

be thinking more clearly than you, so don't disagree with their ideas. Clean up before guests arrive. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Steer clear of peo-

capelle who may depress you tonight. Be sure to make all of your communications crystal clear.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Spend as much time as possible with your mate today. Health problems may be more in your mind than you think.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Work quietly today, and don't take any risks in public. Be sociable this evening, but ask no favors of others.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will rasp the importance of details in any situation, so a fine organizational ability is indicated. If given a good

EC to finance Syrian projects

DAMASCUS (R) — European Community (EC) Commissioner Claude Cheysson said on Sunday the trading bloc would sign agreements soon on financing two new major Syrian projects.

He told a news conference that EC economic cooperation with Damascus had not stopped since sanctions were imposed on Syria last November at Britain's re-

"No sanction was adopted against Syria in economic terms therefore the EC as such was not subject to limitation in its cooperation with Syria," he added. He said political sanctions were the responsibility of individual EC governments.

Mr. Cheysson said the \$200 million projects would support an institute for scientific projects and improve irrigation.

His three-day visit to Damascus, which ended on Sunday, was the first since the EC lifted a ban on high-level contacts with Syria, imposed last year after a British count implicated Syrian officials in a plot to bomb an Israeli

Asked about Britain's attitude to the two agreements, Mr. Cheysson said: "We will see if Britain will block such agreements, as this contradicts the cooperation spirit prevailing in the EC."

Magazine estimates foreigners' assets in U.S. at \$1.3 trillion

NEW YORK (AP) -- Some of the biggest and best-known corporations in the United States are owned by foreign companies, with holdings totalling \$1.33 tril-lion in 1986, Time magazine re-

ported. The weekly magazine also said foreign investors have been attracted to the United States due to the country's political stability and the weak U.S. dollar. The magazine said foreign holdings in 1986 increased by 25 per cent from the previous year.

In contrast, the value of all

U.S. investments abroad is \$1.07 trillion, the magazine said in its Sept. 14 edition.

The U.S. currency has plunged about 40 per cent in value during the past two years against the Japanese yen, the West German mark and the British pound. That makes U.S. properties attractive for investors from those coun- country's sheer size.

Time mentioned several recent purchases of U.S. properties, including:

- Japanese investors last December bought the Exxon head-quarters building in Manhattan's Rockefeller Centre for \$160 million, the highest price ever paid for a Manhattan skyscraper.

- The British have now built or bought an estimated \$1 billion in property in Washington, D.C.

The West German communications giant, Bertelsmann, agreed last fall to buy Doubleday Publishing and RCA Records for \$805 million.

The magazine said the crush of foreign buyers offers more oppor-tunities than threats and that the \$4.5 trillion U.S. economy's best insulation against any significant foreign takeover remains the

Demonitisation sparks riots, brings sour mood in Burma RANGOON (R) - Burma has Burma has been tightly run by a

ordered all schools and universities to close after students rioted in protest against a government decision to void 80 per cent of the country's cash.

The state radio, without mentioning unrest, said on Sunday night that primary to university-level schools had been closed indefinitely throughout the country that day.

Burmese travellers passing through Bangkok told Reuters the mood in capital was sour and diplomats in Thailand said there. was potential for more unrest because of economic problems.

One envoy in Bangkok said by demonitising the largest bank-notes of 75, 35 and 25 kyats, Burma's rulers stunned residents and voided four-fifths of the country's currency.
On Saturday hundreds of stu-

dents from Rangoon University and Rangoon Institute of Technology stoned buses and taxis around their campuses which renotes. Western diplomats in Bangkok

said at least one shop was burned before troops dispersed the stu-dents. No injuries were reported. University students were put on buses and sent back to their homes, they said.

The student disturbances were the first in Rangoon since 1974.

military-dominated one-party

government led by retired General Ne Win since 1962. The state radio said government employees and pensioners would be repaid August salaries and pensions but gave no indication others would be able to

redeem invalidated notes. Under General Ne Win's leadership Burma has gone from one of Asia's richest countries to one seeking United Nations aid as among the world's least de-

The Bangkok-based diplomats said Burma's economy is in crisis with potential for more unrest. It has virtually no fuel, paltry fore-്ള സ്ഥ not be able to grow and distribute enough food for its 40 million people in the next year, the en-

Burmese in Bangkok said hopes for economic improvement had been raised by General Ne Win's recent admission of failings in the country's administration and the lifting of a 20-year ban on private rice, grain and farm pro-

But diplomats said the currency changes, which appeared to be more sweeping than a 1985 de-monitisaton which allowed for some redemptions, had restored

Interest rate rise fails to boost dollar

clues.

LONDON (R) — The dollar languished in currency on prospects for a stable dollar markets on Monday just under 1.80 Deutschemarks despite Friday's rise in U.S. interest rates.

Higher interest rates, by making dollar holdings more attractive, might have been expected to create demand for the dollar and reverse its recent slide in value. But worries about the huge trade deficit of the United States make dealers wary of the U.S. currency.

"Basically at the moment people are saying, so what?" said a London dealer of Friday's rise from 5.5 to six per cent in the U.S. Federal Reserve's (Fed's) key discount rate. A Tokyo dealer called it "a half measure."

The dollar in London failed to get back above 1.80 marks, seen in the market as a symbolic threshold. At Europe's midday it G-10 talks set

to focus on

U.S. policies

PARIS (R) — Finance officials of key industrial nations get a

chance this week to swap ideas on

how their political masters should

address the global economic im-balances which are again hitting

the dollar and jeopardising ex-

Diplomats said Paris talks

among officials of the Group of

10 (G-10) nations which start on

Wednesday were likely to focus

on the huge trade deficit of the United States and the dollar's

vulnerability on world currency

Diplomatic sources said the

officials had no direct power to

set economic policy. But as key advisers, their deliberations

would set the tone of talks next

weekend by European Commun-

ity finance ministers and at the

International Monetary Fund

(IMF) annual meeting in the last

One source here described the upcoming G-10 session as a "cold,

hard look" at economic prospects

of industrial nations after the

The G-10 is one of several

financial alliances formed since

the 1960s to try to promote stable

expansion of the global economy.

Members are Britain, Belgium,
Canada, France, Italy, Japan,
Netherlands, Sweden, the United

Switzerland-is-associated with

States and West Germany.

GCC oil income

DOHA (OPECNA) — Oil revenues of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) are expected to reach \$44.2 billion

this year, an increase of over 14

per cent over last year, it was announced here. A study by the

Gulf International Bank said

GCC oil revenues would reach \$2.8 billion in 1990 and \$143.3 billion in 1995. The report noted

that oil production by the group increased to 7.89 million b/d in 1986 from 6.36 million in 1985.

GCC oil output was projected to increase to nine million in 1990

and 16 million in 1995, the report

added.

may total \$44b

most G-10 meetings.

week of September.

summer holidays.

markets.

yen after closing in New York on Friday at 1.7975 and 141.97. A Frankfurt midday fixing at 1.7935 marks was the lowest since

June 10. The dollar in Paris slid under another of the market's to take large positions ahead of French francs. Trading, however, was sub-dued. U.S. markets are closed for

the Labour Day holiday while traders await the next U.S. trade on Monday morning of \$463.35 figures, those for July, which are due this Friday. Some central bankers attend-

ing a meeting in Basle of the of an oversupply and Gulf peace Bank for International Settlements (BIS) were more sanguine going below \$18 a barrel — oil for 2.273.

than most currency dealers.

New Fed Chairman Alan Greenspan was seeing fellow cen- mixed. tral bank chiefs from Japan, West fetched 1.7935 marks and 141.75 Germany and other leading industrial nations informally in Basle on Monday, and markets are watching Basle for policy

"Operators are also reluctant "benchmarks" — that of six the meeting, because they are unsure what kind of comments will come out," a dealer at a U.S. bank in Tokyo said.

> an ounce, was little changed on Friday in New York.

Crude oil prices slid, because moves, with North Sea crude \$17.85, down 30 cents on Friday. Share prices were generally

77.553 6

Tokyo stocks fell partly in sympathy with Wall Street's Friday decline after the discount rate. rise, but also because of local fears over more heavy losses by companies involved in bad finan-

cial market deals. Rumours that other Japanese companies had suffered the same kind of losses reported last week by the chemical company Tateho sent the index down 351.26 points

to 25,004.09. The Tokyo and Wall Street falls made for quiet trading on the London market where at midday on Monday the Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 100share index was down two at

OPEC unlikely to hold summit

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — OPEC leaders believe that convening a full conference of the 13-nation oil group to discuss overproduction is too risky now because of a sharp rise in Gulf tensions and internal squabbling, a respected oil weekly reported Monday.

"The political tension, combined with the likely recriminations between member countries over charges and counter-charges regarding quota violations, could well end up by reducing any such conference to a shambles," the Middle East Economic Survey

(MEES) said. The Nicosia-based publication noted that meetings by two Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) committees in Vienna Sept. 10 on the reported quota violations does not signal that an OPEC summit will be convened to try to settle the thorny issue.

"In such a confused situation, both from the oil market and politic-military angles, it is difficult to see what practical steps the committees can take to confront the all-too-present specter of OPEC overproduction," the

"Although the oil market "is desperately looking for some directional signals on the supply side," most OPEC leaders believe calling a summit now would achieve bers invariably show production million barrels over the overall little and only exacerbate differation at or below quota level, but these ceiling. ing a summit now would achieve-

OPEC members have complained that some member states. including Iraq, Libya, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and ence it if detects any "significant Nigeria, are exceeding their change" in prices but that such third-quarter production quotas changes would be difficult to nail set in June.

Estimates of overproduction have ranged from one million barrels a day to around three million. The current overall OPEC ceiling is 16.6 million barrels a dav. Some OPEC members have

been reported selling oil on the spot market at up to \$1.10 a barrel below the current average price of around \$19 a barrel." Kuwait last week denied it was

violating its OPEC quota. Iraq denied it was selling cuit-rate oil. Iraq, at war with Iran for seven years, has excluded from the December 1986 quota agreement in Geneva, but has sold its crude at official prices.

The weekly noted that evidence of overproduction was generally inconclusive." It said that official production

figures provided by most of the group's members "are far from satisfactory" and noted that Iraq, Qatar, the UAE, and Ecuador have not submitted any statistics

"Figures from the other mem-

ences between major producers. are often met with raised eyeb-Saudi Arabia and some other rows," the weekly stressed. The survey noted that the price monitoring committee is empowered to call a full OPEC confer-

> down amid sharp fluctuations. In the absence of any dramatic initiative to force violators to curb production, the prices committee and the quota discipline committee scheduled to meet in Vienna "may have to content themselves with routine exhortations for the restoration of OPEC discipline and pledges to keep the situation under review," the sur-

The prices committee is made up of the oil ministers of Nigeria, Indonesia, Venezuela, Saudi Arabia and Algeria. The quota_ discipline group is composed of the Nigeria, Indonesian and Venezuelan ministers.

The survey said that most OPEC leaders are "privately hoping that the market will somehow regulate itself without any need for decisive OPEC action."

It noted that some forecasts indicated a drop in OPEC output of between one and two million barrels a day in September from the estimated August level of 19.7 million barrels a day, 3.1

Hanoi seeks to expand commercial air links

pand its foreign commercial air of East Germany, Air France, hoping to draw tourists and hard currency and to increase ties with the non-communist world.

Air Vietnam officials say the flag carrier wants to expand a foreign network now limited to Vientiane, Phnom Pehn, Bangkok and Manila.

At the same time, Vietnam is trying to attract to its airports other airlines, especially those from other South East Asian countries, said Mr. Le Van Chung, director of the foreign relations department of the General Civil Aviation Administration (GCAA).

Vietnam now is serviced only

lines.

Hong Kong rival carriers Cathay Pacific and Dragonair are considering flying to Vietnam.

Thai Airways, which recently increased its Bangkok-Hanoi

flights, is studying the possibility of opening a service to Ho Chi Minh City. The airline is a domestic carrier but also services Vietnam routes. The other national carrier, Thai Airways International, has proposed a Bangkok-Ho Chi Minh City-Hong Kong service.
Philippine Airlines, which now

tives, says its would like to de- eningly bumpy.

HANOI, Vietnam (AP) — Com-munist Vietnam is trying to ex-CSA of Czechoslovakia, Interflug Manila-Ho Chi Minh City route. Vietnam hopes the connections ists and overseas Vietnamese, whose hard currency is needed to develop the primitive economy

Tourism officials expect 30,000

visitors this year. Expansion of air links also appears part of the pragmatic leadership's attempt to increase links with Western and Asian

non-communist countries. More difficult than attracting other airlines will be upgrading Air Vietnam. The 90-minute flight from Bangkok to Hanoi on the mainstay aircraft, the old and carries mostly parcels from Vietnamese Americans to their relamate TU-134s, can be fright-

academic education, your child has the potential for great financial success. Give him or her early ethical **Peanuts** training, and make sure of a good diet.



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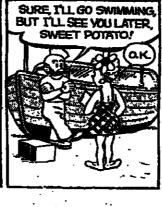




Mutt'n' Jeff









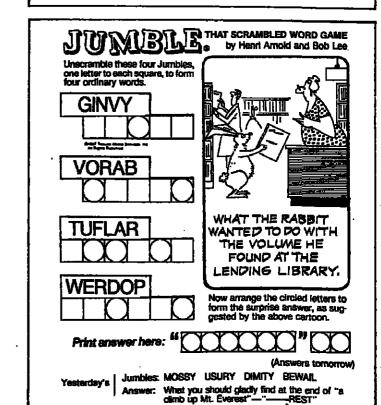
Andy Capp











Peronists win Argentine polls

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina (AP) — Recovering some of their traditional strength, the Peronists stunned President Raul Alfonsin's party in national elections, winning key governorships and apparent control of congress.

About 5,000 cheering Peronists, whose Labour-based party had been defeated by Mr. Alfonsin's centrist Radical Civic Union in 1983 and 1985 national elections, gathered in front of the rose-coloured government house to celebrate Sunday's election victories.

"Big gorilla get out of government house," they chanted, referring to Mr. Alfonsin. "This is the house of late President (Juan) Peron."

No arrests or violence were reported. But the official news agency Telam said two people were injured in a clash between Peronists and supporters of the centre-right Democratic Union at a party headquarters elsewhere in

Buenos Aires. The most critical election upset came in Buenos Aires province, where Peronist veteran and former Economy Minister Antonio Cafiero, 64, defeated the Radicals' Juan Manuel Casella, 46, wrestmg control of the governorship

from the governing party.

The victory marks Mr. Caffero the Peronists' most likely candidate in the 1989 presidential elections. The province, with 40 per cent of the electorate, is a traditional breeding ground for presidential aspirants.

The strong Peronist showing appeared to stem from dissatisfaction with Alfonsin's handling of the economy and human rights

Labour leaders charge that workers have lost at least 20 per cent of their purchasing power since Mr. Alfonsin was inaugurated in 1983, ending seven years

of harsh military rule. And analysts had predicted leftists would abandon the Radicals because of an Alfonsin-sponsored law that caused charges of kidnapping, torture and murder to be dropped against most military officers accused of abuses in the

1970s "dirty war" on leftists. A government panel attributed the disappearance of 9,000 peo-

ple to that campaign.

More conservative voters,

many of whom voted for Mr. Alfonsin and his Radicals in the two previous elections, appeared to turn to the centre-right Central Democratic Union, which favours free enterprise and backs U.S. foreign policy. The party was expected to double the votes

won two years ago. With 78 per cent of the vote counted, official returns from Sunday's ballotting gave the Peronists the lead in races for the governorships of 16 of 22 provinces, compared to 12 prior to the elections.

The Radicals, who previously held seven, led in just three races. It was the first renewal of governors, who serve four-year terms, since 1962. Military coups and cancelled elections had since impeded gubernatorial balloting..

In races for 127 of the 254 seats the House of Deputies, the Peronists appeared headed for a wide victory and the majority now held by the Radicals.

Official results showed the Peronists leading with 41.5 per cent of the vote, the Radicals second with 37.5 per cent, the Central Democratic Union third with 6 per cent and the leftist

Philippine mutineers leave prison ships per cent. The Peronists already

MANILA (R) — The Philippine ters, Executive Secretary Joker army on Monday began freeing Arroyo and Presidential Legal hundreds of mutineer troops jailed on ships in Manila Bay since staging a coup attempt, but the military rejected calls for celemency for the revolt's

"That depends on the president but as far as we are con-cerned we will follow the book," spokesman Col. Honesto Isleta

As the first troops were brought ashore for "red-educabefore returning to their units. Armed Forces Chief General Fidel Ramos warned that a new coup attempt could not be ruled out.

Senate Defence Committee Chairman Raul Manglapus quoted Gen. Ramos as saying: There is a possibility of a new attempt to disrupt the govern-ment but not of the same size and

dimension as on Aug. 28."
About 1,300 mutineers had been held since then in two navy ships five kilometres from shore. Military leaders ordered 800 of them, mostly privates, brought ashore for rehabilitation.

"After they are cleared, they will be returned to their mother units to fight (the country's Communist) insurgents. They will be back to being normal soldiers,"

Col. Isleta said. The mutineers brought ashroe were prevented from contact with relatives who queued up to see

them, witnesses said. President Corazon Aquino has ruled out an amnesty for Col. Gregorio "Gringo" Honasan, the coup leader, who has gone into hiding with several other rebel officers.

At the time of the rebellion she vowed there would be "no terms ... for traitors."

Troops asked for an amnesty for the coup leaders at the weekend when Vice President Salvador Laurel toured army camps around Manila.

The soldiers also called for the dismissal of two cabinet minissoldiers and young officers booed a colonel who told Mr. Laurel he had no complaint about the leadership of Armed Forces Chief General Fidel Ramos.

Counsel Teodoro Locsin Jr.,

accusing them of giving Mrs.

Aquino bad advice on military

Reporters at a meeting at Villa-mor Air Force Base said ordinary

The soldiers cheered when another officer said he believed in what Col. Honasan was fighting for. But the soldiers also said they did not favour mutiny as a means

Mr. Laurel told reporters he was touring army camps around the country as Mrs. Aquino's personal emissary to hear from the soldiers what their grievances

On Monday, military sources showed the Associated Press a copy of a confidential survey. taken by armed forces intelligence a mouth before the Aug. 28 coup attempt, which showed sig-nificant discontent within the ranks against the Aquino govern-

ment.
The report did not say how many soldiers were surveyed but claimed 55 per cent believed the government treats soldiers unfairly. Nearly 35 per cent thought government policies were "pro-Communist," but 66 per cent said they would not take part in a

Forty-six per cent approved of Gen. Ramos' leadership but 43 per cent believed the 59-year-old West Point graduate should step down in favour of a younger officer, the survey found.

"A significant result of the survey view the (military's) overall leadership as a moderate and, to a lesser degree, strong, the re-port said. "While a minority criticised the leadership as weak, the number is significant enough to act as a catalyst in the brewing restlessness among rank and

Carter calls for democracy in Panama were to become a democracy,

WASHINGTON (R) — Former President Jimmy Carter, marking the 10th anniversary of the Panama Canal treaties on Monday, said the people of Panama should be able to decide on their govern-

ment in free elections. The policies of Panama's military-controlled government and the leader of its defence forces, Gen. Manuel Antonio Noriega, have sparked public unrest and drawn condemnation from

control of the canal to Panama, said the military should withdraw from politics.

and he pledged his commitment to that goal," Mr. Carter said in a Mr. Carter, who with Panama's then-leader the late General Omar Torrijos signed the 1977 statement. "I am sure that Gen. Torrijos treaties which provide for passing

would be very disappointed by recent developments in Panama, and that he would hope, as I do, that the military would defend "On that day ten years ago, the nation by removing itself from politics and permitting the Omar Torrijos and I spoke about how our two nations could become lasting partners. He told me that could only happen if Panama people to decide their own future by free elections."

Belgian police quell riots in Brussels jail

BRUSSELS (R) — More than 300 regular and paramilitary police stormed a south Brussels prison on Sunday night and used teargas to end a riot by 200 prisoners, a police spokesman

Prisoners complained their conditions were worse than those prepared for 26 British soccer fans facing extradition to Belgium this week for trial after a 1985 riot that killed 39 people in a Brussels

Police restored order after more than three hours and forced prisoners back into their cells, the spokesman said.

was receiving treatment for a heart condition. No details were available on their injuries.

Unconfirmed reports said six

police were also hurt. The red-brick prison was cordoned off by police for several hours while calm was restored, and reporters saw paramilitary police with truncheons and riot shields leaving the building. Red Cross spokesman Marc

Lerch said there had been extensive damage inside the prison and about 25 inmates had been treated for minor injuries.

The police spokesman said the trouble involved a whole block of Two prisoners were injured about 200 prisoners when inmates and taken to hospital, where one refused to go back to their cells

after their afternoon walk.

"They were setting mattresses on fire and smashing up furniture... it seems they wanted the same conditions as those the British fans will have. They chanted slogans like 'three-star hooligans' and 'hooligans in a hotel'," he

The slogans apparently referred to conditions at Louvain prison near Brussels where the 26 Britons are expected to be

The Belgian media. commenting that the fans will be able to watch colour television and play table football, have described the prison as four-star accommoda-

Uganda offers temporary asylum to Bagaza

hold a majority in the senate.

A Peronist majority in both houses would seriously endanger Mr. Alfonsin's efforts to enact

constitutional reform and priva-

tise state-owned companies in an

effort to reduce the size of gov-

by each party will not be known

uniti the official count is com-

pleted. House seats are awarded

on the basis of percentage of

votes cast for each party.

Voters also elected mayors and

other local officials throughout

the nation of 31 million inhabi-

tants, 19 million of whom were

citizens between the ages of 18

The vote is mandatory for all

Radical Interior Minister

Antonio Troccoli conceded his

party's overall defeat at a news

conference, saying the Peronists

"now are going to have to share

Asked whether the election re-

the work with us in very impor-

suits could prompt cabinet changes, Mr. Troccoli said that

any such decision "is the exclu-sive jurisdiction of the presi-

eligible to cast ballots.

The exact number of seats won

KAMPALA, Uganda (AP) — Uganda has offered temporary asylum to ousted Burundian President Jean-Baptiste Bagaza after the new military junta refused to allow him to return home, a Ugandan cabinet minister said Monday.

"He was desperate. He had nowhere to go. He was refused

permission to fly into Bujumbura (the Burundian capital)," said the minister, who spoke on condition he not be identified. Col. Bagaza, 41, was deposed Thursday while he was attending a meeting in Quebec, Canada. He abruptly left the meeting and flew to Paris and then to Narrobi. His Kenyan hosts allowed him sanctuary for about 24 hours before he boarded a chartered air-

Saturday. "The Ugandan government has guaranteed temporary asylum to Col. Bagaza on humanitarian grounds in order to enable him to mole up his mind and plan where to go or what to do in the near

craft to Entebbe, Uganda, on

Sri Lankan peace plan

Inter-rebel fighting hinders

COLOMBO (R) — Fighting be-tween rival Tamil gnerrilla groups is stalling a Sri Lannkan peace other groups in northern and eastern areas. Indian High Commissioner is stalling a Sri Lannkan peace accord which ended their separatist struggle in July, officials said

back in implementing the peace accord," a Sri Lankan official, "This is the aftermath of viowho declined to be identified, told Reuters.

At least seven people have been killed and two wounded since Thursday in clashes between the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) and two Sinhalese-dominated government.

Monday. groups were to be expected after "The fighting sets the clock the end of their four-year war

lence and people have to be patient. These clashes were not totally unexpected," Mr. Dixit told Reuters.

Tamils regard the north and east, to be given autonomy by the

U.S. congressmen visit Soviet radar station

MOSCOW (AP) — The Communist Party daily Pravda reported Monday that a U.S. congressional delegation toured a secret radar station that American officials have said violates the 1972-ballistic missile treaty.

The Soviet-sponsored visit was evidence of "the firm intention of the USSR to strictly observe conditions of the 1972 agreement to limit anti-ballistic missile systems," Pravda said, quoting the Soviet News Agency TASS, which sent a reporter to the sta-

It was not clear from the Soviet report what facilities the congressional group toured Saturday at the base north of Krasnoyarsk in Siberia. However, the New York Times said the group visited the radar's two main structures, an 11-story transmitter and a 30story receiver. Both were under

construction, the report said. The seven-member American delegation left the Soviet Union on Monday morning, according to a U.S. embassy spokesman.

Soviet Defence officials argue that the radar station is in compliance with the missile treaty, and say that U.S. President Ronald Reagan's Strategic Defence Initiative, or "Star Wars," poses a threat to the agreement.

The visit to Krasnovarsk, in an area closed to foreigners, was apparently aimed at winning support for the Kremlin position. The congressmen last week vi-

sited the Semipalatinsk nuclear testing range in the Republic of Kazakhstan, where Soviet scientists and researchers with the private U.S. environmental group observed a non-nuclear explosion.

U.K. tightens security for Thatcher

security operation to protect Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher amid fears of an Irish Republican Army (IRA) guerrilla attack. Alarm was sparked by the arrest of the three suspected IRA guerrillas, due to appear on Monday morning at a special top security court in the town of Chippenham, west of London, to face charges of plotting to murder

country home while he was on

Terrorism Act.

According to the British press, they could belong to an IRA unit sent to Britain as part of a wider plot against Mrs. Thatcher and her cabinet in the run-up to the ruling Conservative Party annual conference in Blackpool next

Several newspapers said the Blackpool link was established when detectives discovered a letter on one of the men booking a hotel room there before the con-

Mrs. Thatcher narrowly escaped death in 1984 when an IRA time bomb exploded on the last night of the Conservative Party conference in the hotel where she was staying with her senior cabinet colleagues in the southern coastal resort of Brighton. Five people were killed and 30 injured in the attack.

The Sunday Times quoted the leader of Sinn Fein, the political wing of the IRA, as telling an IRA rally last week that another Brighton bomb might improve the chances of bringing Thatch-er — or maybe not Thatcher —

side Blackpool's Imperial Hotel, where Mrs. Thatcher will stay during the conference from Sept.

Polish farmers rally in support of union one-hour march and although they did not intervene, at least

CZESTOCHOWA, Poland (AP) - Thousands of farmers on a pilgrimage to this southern city applauded a union leader who urged the rebuilding of the outlawed rural Solidarity union, which represented private far-

Also Sunday, more than 3,000 people marched in the Western town of Miedzyrzecz to protest plans to build a nuclear waste dump in nearby World War II army bunkers, a government critic reported.

Jacek Czaputowicz, a member of the Freedom and Peace Movement, a banned organisation, said he received a report on the protest from a movement activist in

Mr. Czaputowicz said large number of police observed the four people were detained after the demonstrators dispersed More than 100,000 worshippers

attended an outdoor mass in front of the Jasna Gora Monastery in Czestochowa, Poland's most revered Roman Catholic shrine. Farmers from throughout the

country were in Czestochowa on their annual, post-harvest weekend pilgrimage. Before the mass, a priest read

aloud a telegram of greetings from Polish-born Pope John Paul II, who offered prayers that there "no shortage of bread" in 3.9 million private farmers. Poland.

Władysław Piksa, a Rural Solidarity leader from southern Po- cultivation in Poland.

their union as he presented the traditional first loaf of bread from the harvest for the church's bles-

"May the creation of the pro-visional national council of farmers' solidarity activate the union activities of farmers," he said, drawing applause. "May regional, provincial and county councils be created — this is our sacred right and duty."

Former officials of rural Solidarity formed the National Council in November of an independent for restoration of an independent trade union to represent Poland's

Private farmers operate about 75 per cent of the land under

Siamese twins begin separate lives

BALTIMORE (AP) — Seven- head occur in about 1 per 2 month-old twins born joined at million to 2.5 million births and the head slept in separate cribs for the first time after a delicate have been separated are normally operation during which surgeons plunged them into "suspended animation" for an hour.

A team of 70 doctors, nurses and technicians at Johns Hopkins Hospital separated Patrick and Benjamin Binder of Ulm, West Germany, during 22 hours of surgery ending about 5 a.m. (0900 GMT) Sunday.

The boys, who were joined at the back of the head were in critical but stable condition Monday at the hospital's children's centre, officials said.

While the infants had separate brains, they shared a vein in the back of the head that helps drains the brain. Surgeons said they had to separate and then reconstruct the blood drainage system in each

boy.
"We are very grateful that we could enhance the chances that the Binder twins have for a normal life," said surgery coordinator Dr. Mark Rogers. He said the twins would have been bedridden on their backs for as long as they

Doctors declined to predict the twins' chances of survival. Siamese twins joined at the blood vessels, as well as bleeding

the survival rate of twins who no greater than 50 per cent, said Dr. Ben Carson, chief of paediatric neurosurgery.

Using dolls and diagrams, doctors explained the complex techniques they used to make the separation, including lowering their body temperature to 68 degrees Fahrenheit (20 degrees Celsius) to bring their metabolism to a near halt.

This state of suspended animation allowed surgeons to stop the infants' hearts and blood flow without causing brain damage and reconstruct the blood drainage system, doctors said.

"We knew we were under pressure to accomplish all this in less than an hour since any longer would increase the risk of brain damage and other organ dam-Dr. Carson said.

One or both babies either died or suffered serious neurological problems in all known previous attempts to separate Siamese twins joined at the head, doctors said.

The biggest risk after such an operation is formation of a blood clot in the newly constructed

inside the skull and heart complications, physicians said. The critical period is the first three to four days after the

surgery, they said. The twins are expected to remain at the hospital for several weeks. The twins' parents, Josef and Theresia Binder, were unavailable for interviews or photographs, Ms. Hillman said. They

did not attend a news conference

Sunday with Dr. Rogers and other doctors. "Like any other parents, they were greatly relieved," Dr. Ro-

An estimated 60 units of blood were used in the operation. Doctors will apply a wire mesh cap over the twins' open skulls when their conditions have stabilised.

Dr. Rogers said. Doctors early Saturday also performed open-heart surgery to remove a small piece of pericardium, or heart muscle covering, to use in reconstructing veins in the boys' brains.

The cost of the operation has been estimated at upwards of \$100,000, the hospital said. Hopkins will be reimbursed for hospitalisation through the fami-

ly's health insurance in Germany,

COLUMNS 768

One killed in elephant god riots

NEW DELHI (R) - One person was killed and 40 were wounded as Hindu processions were stoned in central India on Sunday and police fired warning shots to stop rioting. The Press Trust of India (PTI) said the rioters threw stones and light bulbs filled with acid and set fire to a bakery in Ahmednagar, 200 kilometres east of Bombay. The violence erupted as dozens of processions in Ahmednagar and nearby towns headed for a river to immerse images of the elephant-headed god Ganesh. The region in Maharashtra state has a large Muslim population whose faith bans representations of gods, but PTI did not say who stoned the processions. Some 24,300 Ganesh idols were immersed by Hindus across the state, the news agency said. Police reinforcements had been called into the area and gatherings of more than five people had been banned to prevent more violence, it added.

U.S. prison population reaches 570,519

WASHINGTON (R) — The number of immates in the overcrowded U.S. prison system has swelled to an all-time high of 570.519 convicts, the Justice Department has reported. The number of prisoners on June 30 was nearly five per cent higher than at the end of 1986 and almost eight per cent above a year earlier, said the report by the Bureau of Justice Statistics, the department's information-gathering arm. In the six-month period, more than 25,000 inmates were added to America's

Cosby tops list of richest entertainers

NEW YORK (AP) — Comedian Bill Cosby is the world's highest-paid entertainer, with estimated earnings of at least \$84 million in 1986 and 1987, according to Forbes magazine. Cosby television star, best-selling author and commercial pitchman—is a one-man growth industry, the magazine says in its Sept. 21 issue. His earnings will jump from \$27 million in 1986 to at least \$57 million value of this year, Forbes says. And that doesn't count the syndication value of this year's episodes of his hit TV series. The Cosby Show, or his investment in such enterprises as a Florida telepision station and a Cosp. Cola bottler in New York. If Cosbur television station and a Coca-Cola bottler in New York. If Cosby got paid today for the return value of this year's 28 shows, the comedian's income could swell to almost \$100 million in 1987, the magazine predicts. "If Cosby continues to rack up earnings like this," the magazine said, "he is all but certain to be the first entertainer to become a billionaire." But comparison, America's top-grossing executive, Chrysler Corp.'s Lee Iacocca, collected only \$32 million over 1985 and 1986, the most recent two-year period for which Forbes has kept executive pay records. Cosby heads a glittering list of show-business notables who rake in millions of dollars per year, according to Forbes. The top 10 for 1986 and 1987, in addition to Cosby, are: Sylvester Stallone, Rocky and Rambo star, \$74 million; Bruce Springsteen, rock singer, \$56 million; Charles M. Schulz, cartoonist for the Peanuts surger, 350 million; Charles M. Schulz, cartoonist for the Peanuts strip, \$55 million; Eddie Murphy, comedian and actor, \$50 million; Steven Spielberg, movie maker, \$50 million; Madonna, singer and actress, \$47 million; Whitney Houston, recording artist, \$44 million; Michael Jackson, pop singer, \$43 million; Johnny Carson, star of the Tonight entertainment show, \$40 million.

Monument to homosexuals inaugurated

AMSTERDAM, Netherlands (AP) — This nation's small but vocal Gay Rights community took another step toward public recognition with the inauguration of the country's first monument to homosexuals. Some 1,000 people watched the inauguration ceremony, a collective effort by about 40 gay men and women attended by Deputy Health Minister Dick Dees and Amsterdam Mayor Ed Van Thijn. The Dutch government and the city both put up about a quarter of the 400,000-guilder (\$200,000) cost of the monument, designed by sculptor Karun Daan. The monument, next to this Dutch capital's historic West Church, consists of three triangular slabs of pink marble symbolising the past. present and future of the Gay Rights Movement. The 13-metre equilateral triangles, arranged in a triangular pattern, are derived from the Pink Triangle that homosexuals were forced to display on their clothing in the death camps of Nazi Germany. The symbol is frequently worn by Gay Rights activists in The Netherlands, a nation which prides itself on tolerance of unconventional lifestyles.

Zoologist seeks key to male contraceptive

DURHAM, New Hampshire (AP) — A University of New Hampshire zoologist is using the common northern starfish in research aimed at producing a contraceptive pill for human males. Charles Walker is studying sperm production by starfish because, unlike human males, it produces sperm only once a year, he said. Walker said the starfish spends the rest of the year building up spermatocytes, which become sperm. Walker is trying to find the chemical trigger that tells the cells when to divide and form sperm. Walker said he believes a similar process occurs in humans. A pill to block a chemical trigger should have fewer side effects than hormones such as steroids, he said. The starfish has the advantage of having two organs in each of its five legs where sperm are produced, making it a useful lab specimen. Walker said the starfish also is in a more direct evolutionary line with humans than the fruit fly and other animals used in similar research.

Porcupines startle motorists in Iran

LONDON (R) - Two giant porcupines roamed a city street in western Iran, panicking poultry and startling motorists, IRNA news agency said on Sunday. Squawking chickens were spread to eternity on deadly 40 cm quills as the spiny rodents barged amongst them and into the traffic in Khorramabad. It was "quite a scene" IRNA reported, until residents "stoned the prickly visitors to reactful rest" visitors to peaceful rest."

Scientists produces the long-life bread

NEW DELHI (R) — Indian military scientists have succeeded in developing a long-life Chapati, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported on Sunday. It said the Defence Food Research Laborated to the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported on Sunday and the Defence Food Research Laborated Trust Indian In tory in Karnataka, southern India, had synthesised a preservative which, mixed with Chapati dough, kept the unleavened bread fresh for six months while retaining its flavour and nutritive value. A report from the laboratory described other breakthroughs in the Indian diet "with potential applications in the civil sector." These included dehydrated, 10-minutes-to-cook Pilao rice and instant dal (lentils) which, by a process of pressure-cooking, enzyme treatment and blending with flavours, would need no cooking but only the addition of boiling water.

Swaziland bans production of war film

MBABANE (R) — The government of Swaziland has stopped an American company from shooting a Rambo-type war film in the southern African kingdom, Swazi Tourism Minister Derek Von Wisell announced. A spokesman for the U.S.-based Warner Brothers Communications Group, J.C. Jones, said Scorpio would now be filmed in South African-ruled Namibia (South West Africa). Mr. Wisell, announcing the ban on Friday, gave no reason but sources close to the government said there had been objections to parts of the script. The sources said the film, starring Swedish actor Dolph Lundgren, would depict a conflict in Africa between black guerrillas and foreign mercenaries. Eleven members of the African National Congress, the main guerrilla group fighting for black majority rule in South Africa, have been killed in Swaziland this year, according to South Africa's Institute for Strategic Studies. Swaziland Prime Minister Sotsha Dlamini has blamed "a neighbouring country" for the killings.

were opposed by Giorgio Belladon-na and Walter Avarelli. Nail's leap to six diamonds was well judged— it was quite possibly a makable contract and, even if not, it might

NORTH **♦ Void** OK 1042 **₽**KQ854

♦QJ9853 The bidding: West North East South 6 ♦ Pass Dble Pass Pass Pass

If there is one attribute that all great players possess it is table presence—the ability to sense

GOREN BRIDGE

have tempted his opponents into **♦**AQ942 ∇Q97

AND OMAR SHARIF

TABLE PRESENCE

dummy and led the king of clubs.
When Avarelli followed low without any pain, Mathe decided he did not have the ace of clubs, so he trumped in hand, ruffed a spade, and then used a heart finesse and the ace as two entries for further spade ruffs. Finally, he ruffed a club back to hand and led a trump,

That might not seem like a very difficult hand, but watch what happened at the other table where Eugenio Chiaradia went down one for Italy-in five diamonds! He. too, received a spade lead, ruffed in dummy, and played the king of clubs, but he elected to discard a spade. West took his ace and shifted to a trump. East rose with the ace and returned a trump for the

Now Chiaradia spurned the sim-

spade in dummy, discarded one on

the queen of clubs and then led out

all his trumps. Unfortunately, the

queen of hearts was not in the hand

with the long clubs, and so he ended up losing a trick to the lady.

led a low spade. Mathe ruffed in losing only one trick to the ace of

second trick for the defense.

♠K 1053 ♥1043

Opening lead: Three of 4

what is happening. Watch the late, great Lew Mathe in action against Italy's famed Blue Team on this hand from the 1962 World Team Mathe, South, and Bobby Nail

Both vuinerable. West deals.

A 10762 **4**J93 SOUTH **±**J876 ∇AJ2

ple line of a heart finesse in favor of a heart-club squeeze. He ruffed a

After much thought Belladonna

LONDON (R) — British police are mounting this week a massive

Northern Ireland Secretary Tom King.
British police have remained tight-lipped about their investigations, saying only the three — two men aged 24 and 27 and woman aged 22 - were detained in the grounds of Mr. King's

holiday in Scotland. The three, said by newspapers to be Irish, were charged on Saturday after being held for a week under the Prevention of

month.

back to the negotiating table."
Security has been tightened in-